# Spirit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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VOL. 18.

STABLER'S ANODYNE

STABLER'S ANODYNE

BALTIMORE CARDS.

CHERRY EXPECTORANT.

WORM MIXTURE.

STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL,

STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL,

The undersigned having purchased of the origi-

with some of the most learned and judicious prac-

titiohers. One thuosand of them without a single

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RANDALL EVANS,

RESTAURANT & EATING HOUSE

ard House, (Basement,) BAI TIMORE,

The CULINARY DEPARTMENT will be sup-

Come one, come all, and give Randall a help; you will, I am sure have no cause to repent.

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BALTIMORE, Mo.

Raltimore, February 27, 1866.

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exception have approved of the formula.

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VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1866. CHARLESTOWN,

THE REGISTRATION LAW. As It Finally Passed the Legislature. OF VOTERS.

Passed February 28, 1856.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West

Virginia: CHERRY EXPECTORANT, CHERRY EXPECTORANT, tration, which board shall proceed to appoint one loyal and upright person, to be styled the Registrar, for each ward of the cities and incorporate towns, and each township or district of such county. The Registrar shall register the white male citizens in his ward, township or district entitled to vote therein according to the provisions of this act, in the manner hereinafter provided; and the mem-STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, bers of the said board, and the registrars, shall each, before entering upon the discharge WORM MIXTURE, of his duties, take the proper oath of office, passed November sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, which oath WORM MIXTURE, sworn to as aforesaid, shall be subscribed by whose name is proposed to be excluded, shall the party and returned to, and filed by, the have due notice of the time and place of nal proprietors their entire interest in the above valuable recipes, take pleasure in presenting to required in discharging the duties of his the world articles which now stand second to none office. Any vacancy in the county board or for the relief of the diseases for which they are rein the office of registrar, shall be filled as commended. They are propared in agreement hereinafter provided, any two of said board having power to act and perform all the duties and functions of their office.

2. The Governor shall cause to be prepared STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, of his birth; fifth, the time of his residence | causes, the Governor may remove any memin the ward, township or district; sixth, time | ber of the board. Vacancies occurring by of residence in the State; seventh, if natural- such removal, shall be filled as hereinbefore WORM MIXTURE. ized, the date of the papers, and the court by | provided.

following affidavit:

ment of Virginia or the State of West Virunder any authority or pretended authority fined not hostile or inimical to the United States, the dollars. 302 West Baltimore Street, (Corner Liberty Street, up Stairs, reorganized Government of Virginia or the State of West Virginia; that I will support constitution of this State; and that I take person who has heretofore volunteered in the | ties. this State, and who has been, or may hereafter be, honorably discharged therefrom, shall be required to take the affidavit of voters provided by this act, or be rejected from thereto; but any person presenting an honorable discharge from the United States military service, if qualified as heretofore provided by law, shall be registered as a quali-

And provided, further, that every person shall be registered who will be entitled to reason of his having then resided for a suffi- of the court, for every such offence. cient length of time in his election district, provided that he is otherwise qualified according to the provisions of this section,

4. The registrar shall not allow the name of any foreign born resident or citizen, qualified as aforesaid, to be registered unless his naturalization papers be produced and exhibited to him, and by him endorsed with the Hosiery, Gloves, Threads, Needles, Soap, date of their exhibition, or upon satisfactory proof that such person is naturalized, enterprovided that this section shall not apply to persons who came to this country under eighteen years of age, or to persons who have CHAMPAGNE CIDER, MINERAL WATERS OF served in the armies of the United States or of this State, and been or shall be honorably WHISKIES, WINES AND BRANDIES,

discharged therefrom.

third Saturday of September, inclusive, for | trary to the provisions of this act. plied with Fowl and Fish, and all things good, the purpose of amending and correcting the suited to the most fastidious taste. newspaper, if there be one in such county, publish the same.

6. The name of any person who is qualified according to the provisions of this act, may be registered at any time after the said twentieth [fourteenth] day of April, or after any other regular days appointed for registering voters shall have passed, but not less than ten days before any election at which such person may desire to vote, by his application person may desire to vote, b to the proper registrar.

7. The county board of registration shall crease or diminish the number of days on which the registrars of their respective counties shall sit for the purpose of amending and correcting the registration.

or the act entitled 'A' Act to regulate electrons by the people," passed November thirteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, are hereby repealed.

19. All officers performing service under AN ACT TO REGULATE THE REGISTRATION | which the registrars of their respective counties shall sit for the purpose of amending and

8. At least ten days preceding the next election after the registration of voters under this act, and at least ten days preceding any election thereafter, the registrar shall make 1. There shall be appointed by the Gov- out fair copies of his registrar books, one copy ernor, from among the citizens most known of which he shall lodge with the county board for loyalty, firmness and uprightness, three of registration, one copy with the board of persons for each county residing therein, who supervisors, one copy of the registry books shall be styled the County Board of Regis- of each ward with the council of such city or town, and one copy with the inspectors of elections at each of the polls in his ward,

township or district. It shall be the duty of the county board of Registration to examine such book, and if they are satisfied that any person has been registered who has been guilty of any of the acts enumerated in the affidavit contained in the third section of this act, or is in any way disqualified to vote, under the provisions thereof, it shall be the duty of the said Board, upon proof of any such act or disqualification, to exclude the name of such person from the list of registered voters. But the party recorder of the county. Each member of taking the evidence to prove his disqualificathe said board, and each registrar, shall re- tion, which evidence he shall have the right ceive two dollars for each day occupied and | to rebut, and shall have his name restored to such list if improperly stricken therefrom. 9. The county board of registration -may employ a clerk, who shall be allowed as com-pensation two dollars per day, for each day

such clerk may be actually and necessarily employed in such service. The board shall procure a book in which shall be accurately suitable books for the registration of the kept the minutes and proceedings of such names of voters and facts required by this board, the appointments and removal of act, to be furnished to the county board of registrars, and the review of their proceedregistration and by them distributed to the ings. Any person teeling aggrieved or disregistrars of their respective wards, townships satisfied with the action or decision of any or districts. The books aforesaid shall be so | registrar, may have the action or decision of arranged as to admit of the alphabetical class- such registrar reviewed and corrected by the fication of the names of voters, and ruled in | board according to the requirements of this parallel columns, on which shall be entered : act. For good cause shown the board may First. the name of the person registered; remove any registrar in their county, and, second, sworn; third, age; fourth, the place for official misconduct, disloyalty, or other

10. Every registrar shall preserve order 3. Before any registrar shall register the at and in the vicinity of the place of regisname of any person as a qualified voter, ex- tration, and may direct any disorderly person cept as hereinafter provided, he shall be sat- to be removed therefrom, and, if necessary isfied of his qualifications as heretofore pro- or proper, to be taken into custody, and held vided by law, and if he has any doubt as to until sunset of the next day, or for any such person's loyalty, he shall administer the shorter time, which may be done by any constable of the township, or other person or Township of County, to wit: persons designated by the registrar upon his I, A. B., do solemnly swear that I have not | warrant or authority in writing. Any such since the first day of June, eighteen hundred offender, notwithstanding his having been and sixty-one, voluntarily borne arms against | in custody as aforesaid, shall be liable to any the United States, the reorganized govern- penalcy or punishment for his offence prescribed by law. And any person being ginia; that I have not voluntarily given aid, thereto commanded by the written authority comfort or assistance to persons engaged in of the registrar, who shall fail or refuse to armed hostility against the United States, the assist, to the utmost of his power, in whatever reorganized Government of Virginia or the may be necessary or proper to prevent in-State of West Virginia; that I have not timidation, disorder or violence at the place sought, accepted, exercised or attempted to of registration, shall be guilty of a misdeexercise any office or appointment whatever, meanor; and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five nor more than fifty

11. Any registrar who shall wilfully maliciously reject from registration, or the Constitution of the United States and the register any person, contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a this oath freely without any mental reserva- misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, tion or purpose of evasion." Such affidavit | shall be fined not less than fifty nor more shall be subscribed by the party and sworn | than one hundred dollars; and to be liable to before the registrar, and returned with his to the party injured for damages; but no books to the county board of registration, to registrar shall be held liable for any mere be filed by such board. Provided that no error of judgment in the discharge of his du-

military service of the United States or of | 12. No person shall be allowed to vote at any election hereafter held in this State. after the first registration shall have been completed according to the provisions of this act, unless he shall have been registered as registration on account of any disloyalty prior | hereinbefore provided, and the inspector of every election shall allow only those to vote whose names shall appear on the registry books returned by the proper registrar; and any inspector or supervisor who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be fined not less vote at the first election occurring after the | than fifty nor more than two hundred dellars, registration by reason of his arriving at twen- or imprisoned not less than ten nor more ty-one years of age before that time; or by than ninety days, or both at the discretion

13. Annually after the first appointment of officers under this act, they shall be renewed by appointment as hereinbefore provided, and each retiring officer shall transmit to his successor in office, all hooks. papers, documents and property belonging to

14. Any officer or other person who shall change, alter, amend or destroy any books or lists of registration, shall be deemed guilty of ing in the sixth column the facts and their a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, sufficiency to constitute such person a voter, forfeit and pay a fine not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than three nor more than twelve months:

15. As soon as the result of any election is determined at the polls, the inspectors shall return with their certificates, poll books 5. The registrar shall immediately upon and ballots, the registry books of such elecreceipt of notice of his appointment, proceed | tion, to the board of supervisors, unless it be to register the names of all the qualified vo- a municipal election, in which case, the inters within his ward, township or district in spectors of each ward shall return with the accordance with the provisions of this act, certificates, ballets and poll books the registry and shall have such registration completed on book of such ward to the proper judges of or before the fourteenth day of April, eigh- such municipal election. The board of suteen hundred and sixty-six, and it shall be pervisors, the House of Delegates, the Senate the duty of the registrar to sit at some con- and the Governor, and the final judges of venient place in his ward, tonwship or dis- any election, State, county, town or munici-Where my old patrons and late friends will be served with refreshments of choice kinds, served up from the first Thursday in August to the election and reject any returns that are conin the pest manner.

16. Any person who shall threaten, in said registration, and he shall give notice of timidate, disturb, obstruct or attempt in any the time and place of sitting, at least ten days | manner to hinder any officer from the discharge of his duties as herein provided, shall previous thereto, by posting printed notices charge of his duties as herein provided, shall in ten of the most public places in his ward, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on township or district, and the county board of conviction thereof, shall be fined not less registration may, it they deem proper, in a than five nor more than one hundred dollars, or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than five nor more than ninety days for every such offence, at the discretion of the

> 17. It shall be the duty of the county board of registration to see that the provi-sions of this act are faithfully carried into effect, and for that purpose may hold meet-tatives. (in which the convention sat.) After day's service for the first year and for not document! Just as I expected!"

more than five days in any subsequent year. have power, whenever they deem it necessa-ry or expedient, to change the time and in-of the act entitled "An Act to regulate elec-

the provisions of this act, shall receive their

compensation as hereinbefore provided, and

he paid out of the State treasury upon accounts verified by the affidavit of the claimant, and approved and certified by the circuit court of the respective counties.

20. The act of the Legislature of West Virginia, passed February the twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to elections by the people," shall remain in force until the first registration of voters shall have been completed, according to the provisions of this act, when the said act of February twenty-fifth shall stand repealed. Provided any persons absent in the service of the United States or of this State shall be permitted to vote without registration under

What Thad. Said on Saturday Week. Mr. Price, of lowa, having interrupted Mr.

the laws now provided in such cases.

Stevens by asking him if he was not the man the President had denounced by name-Mr. Stevens said-Mr. Speaker, does the learned gentleman from Iowa suppose, for a single moment, that the speech which I pre-sume he refers to as having been made in front of the White House was an actual fact? [Laughter.] I desire now to put the gentleman right. What I am now going to say, however, I do not wish to be reported. It is a confidential communication, [laughter] and I presume that nobody will violate the confidence which I repose in him. Sir, that speech which was imposed upon the gentleman from Iowa, and which has had a considerable run. and has made some impression on the public mind, was one of the grandest hoaxes that has ever been perpetrated, and more successful than any except the "moon hoax," which I am told, deceived many astute astronomers. [Laughter.] I am now glad of an opportunity, although I do not wish it to go out publicly, lest my motive might be misunderstood, of exonerating the President from ever having made that speech. [Laughter.] is a part of the cunning contrivances of the Copperhead party, which has been proscribing our President since the 4th of March last.

Mr. Stevens proceeded to quote newspaper comments on President Johnson's inaugural address, and the alleged circumstances attending its delivery, and proceeded to remark that, taking advantage of an incident which, it is thought by many, was brought about by themselves, they have been ever since persecuting nim with such slanders as that; but, sir, although they have asserted it from time to time, they have never made the loyal republican people of this nation believe it, and they never can. We never credit it; but look with indignation on the slander thus uttered against the President of our choice .-[Laughter.] Being unable to fix such odium upon our President by direct evidence, they bring in evidence, aliunde with the skill of a practiced advocate in a case of de lunatico inquirendo; where the outside evidence was doubtful, they cautiously lead the subject of the inquiry to speak on the question of his hallucination, and if they can get him to gabble and talk nonsense, then the intrinsic evidence in the case is made out. [Laughter.] Now, if these slanderers could make the people believe that the President ever uttered that speech, then they have made out their case. [Continued laughter.] But we know that he never did utter it. It is not possible; and I am glad of this opportunity to relieve him from that odium; but they had wrought it up in such a cunning way.

Virginia had assembled the free representatives of fragments of about eleven townships out of one hundred and forty-two counties, elected in spots between the contending armies, on disputed ground-twelve men-who met within the Federal lines, called itself a convention, formed a constitution, ordered elections for the whole State, and Governor Peirpoint received about thirty-three hundred votes for Governor (half Yankee soldiers. I suspect,) and was proclaimed, in the market-house of Alexandria, Governor of imperial Virginia, the mother of statesmen .-In "reconstruction" the President acknowledged him as the Governor, and those twelve as the representatives of a million and a quarter of people, and counts this Virginia as one of the twenty-seven States that adopted the constitutional amendment. I am fond of genteel comedy, but this low farce is too vulgar to be acted on the stage of nations .-Are these free republics, such as the United States are bound to guarantee to all the States in the Union? Should these swindles, these impostures, bred in the midst of martial law, without authority from Congress, be acknowledged here?

In the House of Representatives, recently, Mr. Stevens introduced a resolution asking the President for the following information: "1st. How many persons coming within the twenty thousand dollar clause have been pardoned, and their names. 2d. The amount of property taken from the hands of United States officers in process of confiscation and returned to the owners, and if the owners were Confederate soldiers, or in any way gave aid and comfort to the Confederates. 3d. How much abandoned property occupied by negroes has been returned to Confederates, and by whose orders. Also, a resolution requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish a statement of the total amount of money in the United States Treasury, including deposits with the Assistant Treasurer, National Banks and all United agreed to."

-General Miller, the collector of the port of San Francisco, has signalized his assumption of the duties of the office by turning out twentythree blatant radicals, and filling their places with one-armed and one-legged soldiers. The discharged set say that they fear the Government is being transformed into a "military des-

At the recent Johnson ratification meeting at Nashville, Tennessee, while Judge Swayne was reading Washington's Farewell Address

RATES OF ADVERTISING

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NO. 29.

THE PLAINT OF A PEERDMAN.

The following unvarnished story

of thousands .- Richmond Dispatch.

has been told us. But oh ! could I had den

seen my siteation as I now see it, I would

said, no missis-not as long as I have breath

in my body. So de next morning we all was

fixing to go, and massy come to me and told us all if you choose to stay, I will treat you

all well as I have always dun; will feed and

clothe you well, or will feed-feed you all.

and give you five dollars a month. But we

all thought we could do better; so we left-

about thirty of us. But how mistaken .-

Times got wuss every day; but I tried to keep a good heart, thinking times would git

DUCT OF A FEDERAL CAPTAIN.

of the female teachers was running rapidly

before a Federal soldier. He immediately

went to the "front" and met Miss S. in great

terror. The soldier had demanded her watch,

would not blame me. I promised it to him

and he must have it." So saying, and elud-

ing the attempt of the Doctor to take it from

her, she ran and delivered it to the soldier

robber. Then such a volley of indignant

abuse as hardly ever fell from the lips of a

minister was poured on the ruffian. He

called him scoundrel, thief, robber, brute,

villain, and ordered him to begone. The

villain pointed his gun and threatened to

This did not intimidate the preacher who

was a cripple, and unarmed and in ungovern-

able rage, he continued to use the only weap-on he had- his tongue—until the robber

beat a retreat, his ears tingling with the words of impotent wrath which indicated that the

blood of the indignant Southerner had been

raised to fever heat. All this occurred in

the presence of the school; the ministers wife

fainted and was removed, insensible to her

The robbery, the threat of violating the person of a noble Southern woman, and the

threat to kill the gentleman at the head

of the school, were all reported to head-

quarters. Captain McBarney, of General

had the same column pass before the school

Vilson's staff, took interest in the matter,

promised to give it to him.

better, but, sorry to say, dey are wuss.

A cotemporary gives the following amus-ing account of a dog which he bought from a dealer, on his assurance that he was "such a ratter." He had some trouble at first in brought to this office by an aged and polite colored man, who had evidently seen better days, and who had enjoyed the comforts and getting a rat on which to try his "pup."

He succeeded at last, and says:

However, the next day I was so fortunate as to secure from a boy in the market a fine old-line, bob-tail rat, whose furious efforts to chaw everything within reach gave promise of glorious sport for Nip. Took the fat home, called my dog and told my wife that if she wanted to see the way that terriers did rate to come down to the becoment. kindly treatment of life among very good Virginia people. No man who knows anything of the character of that kind of human existence will for a moment doubt this old man's story. He speaks but the experience WHAT IS FREEDUM ?- I has been free nearly nine monts, and wass off now den I ever was fore the vacuation. During the federacy, I used to hear the niggers always talking about freedam, saying Lincum would free us if the federacy went up. I prayed for dat day to oum, cause I was told dat we rats, to come down to the basement. She rats, to come down to the basement. She came down and shut the door—just in time, too; for as soon as Nip saw the rat, he, Nip, my rat terrier, for which I paid the old gent five dollars, made a most unmistakeably cowardly movement towards the hall. Wife on a chair, said the dog did not appear to see would have everything we wanted; dat the the rat. Told wife to keep her breath.—
Thought I would not give Nip any reason for not seeing the rat again, so I tied the string that held the rat to the dog's hind yankeys would bring us money a plenty, and give us land whare belongs to the white folks, and told me we would not have to work less we choose; and said we niggers would be leg. He saw the rat that time and jumped better off. When I heard the yankeys had on the char by my wife. Wife laughed and shoved him off. Tried the stove next. Got cum, I said well! is it possible dat de yan-keys has got to Richmond and Petersburg; off the stove without being shoved. The rat, however, being an old stager, and not being so I went into de great house, and axed miss if de yankeys had whipped, and you all got such smart ginrels. Miss said, yes, Tom, used to such treatment, made a demonstration on Nip's rear, and I don't believe little Flora Temple ever made a better time in the same limits than the dog and rat made they has cum, but we southern people aint whipped yet-only overpowered; but said, well, Tom, I suppose you are going to leave us! I said I reckon so, as so many fine tales

around the room. First heat, dog had the lead, closely followed by rat, who, on striking the half-mile pole, (foot-stool in the corner,) broke hadly, in fact, nearly broke his back; and before he could be brought down (he was sliding on his back) dog led him by whole length of on his back) dog led him by whole length of string. Didn't stop for wind, but started on second heat. Got off well together (tied) and went finely around, neck and tail, till, they reached the judge's stand (wife standing on a chair) against which dog brought up solid, bringing the judge down in a style pre-eminently sudden; if not undignified.—
The heat was decided against the dog you may bet, and it was only after much persua-

I had a wife and two children, but find it impossible to git along. When I was with Miss and Massy, every Monday morning we all went to the smoke-house to git our lowance, and got a plenty. And we use to take conveniently could, and sailed lively dutil Massy's team and haul as much wood as we just as they struck the last quarter, when wanted. A big log fire all night. Oh, what the rat, which ran about as well on his back happy times. And den Jane, the house as on his legs, shied the track, and got rather servant, would bring out something from the table besides; for dey had a plenty. But now we would be glad to eat what Jane would would let him. On raising the rat he was give the dogs arter dinner. Well, out of all dat lef Massy, only leven of us now. We fact dead. Nip was not much better off. dat lef Massy, only leven of us now. We

Wife said that dog could'nt kill mice.— Told her he had certainly killed that rat; set over a few coals of fire, not enuff to keep us warm, and have to go to bed to keep from but on viewing the fact in a scientific light. fresing. When we are sick, no Miss to bring I must confess I did not feel quite sata nice cup of tea and toast, and ax me what isfied with the performance of my pet, does I feel like eating, and whar is my pain. and the next morning gave him away to a milkman, who wanted a ratter to free his Now we can't ford to eat but one meal a day, and not enuff at dat. If we stole any thing stable from the depredations of the vermin. all Miss would say is, I don't bleve our ser-I have not been able to ascertain which left vants done it. If I was back at Massy's I would give my zistance—let the ballance do him first, the rats or the dog.

A Happy Home.

AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR-NOBLE CON-The first year of married life is a most im-The Memphis Avalanche relates the fol-On Wednesday after the fall of Selma, some young ladies of the Female College in Summerfield, informed the President that one

ties forever afterwards. "I have sometimes read," says Rev. Dr. Wise, in his Bridal Greeting, of a bridegroom who gloried in his eccentricities. He requested his bride to accompany him into the garden a day or two after their wedding. He then threw a line over the roof of their cottage. Giving his wife one end of it, he re-

" Pull the line !" "I can't," she replied.

end, it came over with great ease. "There," said he, as the line fell from the roof, "you see how hard and ineffectual was our labor when we pulled in opposition to

In this illustration, homely as it may be, there is sound philosophy. Husband and wife should mutually bear and concede, if they wish to make home a retreat of joy and bliss. One alone cannot make home happy. There must be union of action, sweetness of spirit, and great forbearance and love in both husband and wife, to secure the great end of happiness in the domestic eirele.

DUCER.-The Chicago Republican contains the following dispatch, dated Indiaspolis Ind., March 6th:

and the man identified and arrested, and the watch returned. But this was not all. The Captain obtained from General Wilson pretection papers for the College, and kept it guarded whenever possible.

He went still further, and called for had been off at a boarding school, when her condition became so apparent that she was sent home, where she confessed all to her father.

The doctor took his pistol and one of his dis-Miss-, and said to her, "I have a present for you." He then handed her an elegant six shooter, and said: "Take this and if any officer of our army steps his foot across the threshold of this College, with evil intent, shoot him." No one can conceive the effect of this noble conduct on the part of the gallant Captain. The feeling of insecurity which had taken hold of the investor of the gallant Captain. had taken hold of the inmates of the College | pieces with the knile was dissipated, and many an earnest prayer went up from warm southern hearts for the Pioneer Preachers of Indiana." He at one time occupied a chair in the Northwestern Christian University, of this city. —A few days since a negro boy, through curiosity, went to the Catoctin Furnace esta-blishment, in Frederick county, Md., to wit-

was left to his fate. to settle at Mazatian, Mexico.

from which a large quanity of gas escapes, he was almost instantly sufficeated, and at once lost all use of himself, tumbling headlong into

the lake of fire, and burning to death. All efforts to recover the body from the liquid flames were rendered impracticable, and he

safety of Captain McBarney.

portant era in the history of the husband and wife. Generally, as it is spent, so is almost all subsequent existence. The wife and husband then assimilate their views and their desires, or else cunjure up their dislike, and so add fuel to their prejudices and animosi-

which was secreted in the college, and under a threat of violence to her person, she had The Doctor said to her "you must not let treated to the other side and exclaimed: him have the watch, he is a scoundrel and shall not have it." She said, "Oh! Doctor, if you knew how he had threatened me you

"Pull with all your might," shouted the whimsical husband. But in vain were all the efforts of the bride to pull over the line, so long as the husband held on the opposite side. But when he came around and both pulled at one

each other, but how easy and pleasant it is when we both pull together. It will be so, my dear, through life—if we act together it will be pleasant to live. Let us, therefore, always pull tegether."

SEDUCTION AND KILLING OF THE SE-

A horrible tragedy occurred in Bedford last night. It seems that Prof. J. Madison Evans. in regard to whom there was some acandal a short time ago, had seduced a daughter of Dr. Benjamin Newland. The doctor's daughter secting knives, and went to Evan's house. of the Christian church, and a man who at one time occupied a high position, and is well known as the author of a work entitled "The ness the operation of melting iron ore, and while looking down into one of the receivers,

The Paris correspondent of the Beston
Advertiser tells of a shawl that is coming from
British India for the Great Exhibition. Ten
years of careful labor have been devoted to it.
Lady readers may like to know the proportions of this dainty garment; its length is about five yards and a half, its width a yard ames were rendered impracticable, and he and three-quarters, the ground is red, and its arabesque designs are said to reach the extremist point of delicacy. It was ordered by the Queen of Oude before the revolt of the Sepoys and the siege of Lucknow.

Tuesday Morning, March 20, 1866.

easily enough have arrived at the truth. doubt to-day that there is not a loyal man, as | tional voters from having a voice in any of we used to understand that term, in Jefferson county that is not in favor of remaining where | handfull of men in this county who can hon-Jefferson county is now supposed to be, a part | estly answer the questions, which we believe of West Virginia?" Has be been in the the registrars have the right under the law to county, mixing with its people? We have propound to the applicants, so as to entitle not heard of his presence here. From whom, them to registry and to vote; and hence, the then, has he derived his information? Cer- offices of all kinds can be retained in the tainly not from the petition before him from upwards of twelve hundred and fifty voters to the disgrace of the laws, and to the disgust of Jefferson county, amongst which are to be of the people. It is true that this cannot last found the names of Maj. Quinn and nearly long; for the law is too manifestly in violation every other officer of the U.S. Army, residing here, who fought out the war against the South, as well as those of more than one-half of the whole Union sympathisers with the Federal cause against that of the South! It would have been easy enough for him to have taken this memorial and gone over the names signed to it, and it would have furnished him the best of proof on the score of the polities of those who are opposing this transfer; he would there have found men who were more loval to the United States than he-for they not only fought for their government, but never went to Winchester, or elsewhere, and spoke words of advice, comfort and encouragement to the late Confederate cause, as he

Upon what authority, too, does the Sena tor say that " the disability of which they complained so grievously has been removed by legislative action in West Virginia?"-This shows that the Senator has read the petition sent to Congress-else, where did he find what disabilities we complained of! Now the action of the West Virginia legislature, so far from removing the disabilities of which we so grievously complained, has made them much more grievous-has added to them four fold. Is it possible that Mr. W. had not read the late enactments of his own State legis-

Again, in speaking of the election held in this county under the act of Virginia, in May, 1863, the Senator says: "The election was held in pursuance of the act allowing it to be held." "The election was openly held .-Every man that wanted to vote could have voted." Now what are the facts? Facts of which the Senator knew, or had the means of knowing-for they were staring him in the face, and of which he had no right to speak as he did unless he had personal knowledge : -The act of Virginia of which he speaks, requires polls to be opened at each place of voting in the county. Polls were opened at but two of the eight places of voting in Jefferson, and Mr. Willey must have known it. The election was not "openly held." It was held at two places in this county, and those two places were on the north and east side of a chain of pickets, which cut off about twothirds of the county lying south and west of that line, and through which it was impossible for the people to obtain the privilege of passing. No election was held south and west of that line, and the people of this portion not only could not vote, but were never even notified that any election for that or any other purpose was to have been held. We never heard of the election until long after it had been held at the two precincts of Harper's Ferry and Shepherdstown. We therefore could not have voted, whether we had wanted

"The men who are petitioning to-day that a vote be taken again, were not in the counties at the time that election was held. They were in the armies of the alleged Confederacy." It is true that a number of these petitioners were in the Confederate army, and therefore not at home at the time of the clection; but it is equally true that there were several hundreds of us who were at home, were not in the Confederate army, and never tion, and we have been several times called had been in it-enough of us-had we been allowed to vote-had notice of the election been given us, and our own places of voting gratify these demands, but we have now, as been opened for our polls-to have given a we had when we published it, some doubts of large majority against the transfer. The the truth of of the story. If the incidents of Senator has no authority whatever for his the narrative had been located about Wheel-

We cannot conceive, for the life of us, how any Senator of the United States can deliberately rise in his place, and attempt to deceive any time, would excite little surprise, as we his colleagues by making statements which he feel sure he has had his spiritual abode with declares he knows to be true, when they were Boreman, Chapline & Co., for some time lie sentiment. The idea of negro represennot only not true, but the proof of their falsity past. If he did appear in Kentucky, he was was easily accessible to him-indeed must hunting Wheeling, and only reached terrahave been known to him. But it was necessary for the miserable little faction of radical disorganizers living at the north end of this county, who are almost the only friends of the transfer in Jefferson, as well as for those whom they employed, to carry out this fraud, to bear false witness against those of us who have loved our own dear old Virginia too truly to wish to part from her. These men have not only violated the Constitution of the country in forcing this transfer, but they have violated God's ninth law in the commission of this outrageous wrong. The state of the

If you want the best and most readable country paper published in Virginia, subscribe for the Spirit of Jefferson.

The legislature of West Virginia, in one

of its insame fits of radicalism, has passed a the State. A board of three men is constituted for each county, the appointments to which are made by the Governor. This board, in its turn, appoints a sub-registrar for each township in its county, who is the active business man of the concern. His duty is to re cord the name of each voter, of whose loyalty of the loyalty " of any applicant for registry, Virginia; and if he had chosen to investigate redeaming feature of the bill, perceptible to this matter, as was his duty to do, he could us, is that it must, for a time at least, accomplish the object of its authors. It was de-Why is it that Mr. Willey has not "a signed to prevent the great mass of constituthe elections. There are not more than a hands of those who now hold them, generally of the Constitution of West Virginia, that it cannot stand before any court in the State; but it will, perforce, last long enough to work a vast amount of wrong to the people, and to seriously retard their recovery from the dam-

aging effects of the war. LAWYERS.

The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, at its last term, decided that lawyers were not officers, and that the test oath could not be required of them, and that, therefore, they had the right to practice their profession upon taking the usual oath administered to them. As soon as the Court adjourned its term, Joe. Chapline and his worthy followers set themselves to work and concocted a new law requiring all lawyers to take the test oath; and, hence, none but the "loyal" men of the green bag can be permitted to practice in any of the courts of the State. This law is a mere trick of Chapline's to keep the old lawyers out of his way for a time longer-he cannot believe that it will stand the test of any fair minded judge, either of the circuit or appellate courts.

EVEN HANDED JUSTICE. One of the laws passed by the legislative concern out at Wheeling, during the late session, gives the right to Southern men to sue each other for debt or anything else; but no Southern man can sue a "loyal" man for debt or for anything else.

A "loyal" man may commit any wrong upon the person or property of a "rebel" that sue his "loyal" wrong-doer except with that "loyal" wrong-doer's consent. This is, doubtless, one of the cases referred to by Senator Willey, when he said that the West Virginia Legislature had removed the "grievances of which the people of Jefferson and Berkeley complained." It is a fair sample of the work done by that intensely moderate body of lawmakers, and will serve to show how much justice and wisdom extend into all their de-

C. H. MC'CURDY. Mr. McCurdy, one of the Delegates from this county to the West Virginia Legislature, has proved himself to be so utterly unlike his colleague, Koonce, and "the Senator from the Board of Supervisors," Chapline, that he radical brethren, and legislated for the good of his State. His course has been conservative, and sensible; so much so that he will not stand the ghost of a chance for re-election from those whose names will appear upon the books of John Spangler and his three chiefs over at Shepherdstown. We voted against Mr. McC, last Fall, and tried our best to defeat him, but we must do him the justice to say that he has made a good representative, and voted against all the destructive laws which the radical majority have inflicted

upon the State. THE DEVIL STORY.

The story which we published last week, of the appearance of his satanic majesty in Bracken county, Ky., created quite a sensaupon for explanations. As the story did not originate with us, we of course could not ing or Snepherdstown, we might possibly have given it credit. The physical appearance of his excellency in these localities at firma a little too far to the southwest.

OUR STATUS.

The bill to transfer Jefferson and Berkeley counties to West Virginia, which passed Congress, finally, last Wednesday week, has not yet received the signature of President Johnson at least, we have seen nothing in our exchanges to show that he has signed it.

- The operatives in the cotton mills around Petersburg, who have been getting seventyfive per cent. advance upon ante bellum wages. were informed that a reduction of twenty-five per cent, was to be made. They "struck," there being no appreciable decline in living expenses. The mills are silent.

SOMEBODY HIT

We clip the following from a communication in the last Shepherdstown Register law requiring the registration of the voters of Who is the one lawyer living in Jefferson excepted from the proposition of the writer? We take it for granted that Judge Kennedy is meant; it certainly must be either be or Mr. Berry-either of whom can answer the questions propounded. But who are the others? Will our friend Zittle favor us by

"It seems also that your West Va Legislature has a special spite for those learned in the Law. Well, it is not to be wondered at. Else why require attorneys to do such hard swearing in addition to their other professional duties. A wag at my shoulderone who always calls me a West Virginian, when he desir s to be particularly disagreeaole-offers to bet a Confederate fifty cent note against all the brains in the Wheeling Legislature, that there is not a lawyer at the bar of Jefferson county willing to take that test oath-with one exception-who can write three consecutive sentences of grammatical English, construe the Latin in one chapter of Blackstone or tell the meaning of the word 'Code.' Considering the offer disrespectful not to say treasonable, I have declined accepting it. But as your printer's devil believes in betting at great hazards, I mention it for his benefit."

DEFEAT OF THE FINANCE BILL.

At eleven o'clock Friday night the House of Representatives at Washington defeated the Loan bill, prepared in accordance with the views of the Secretary of the Treasury, by the close vote of 68 nays to 63 yeas .-Amongst the former is included the name of Mr. Garfield, of Orio, who, though friendly to the bill, foreseeing its defeat if left to the casting vote of Speaker 'Colfax, voted with the majority in order to move a reconsideration, which he did as soon as the vote was declared. The subject was, therefore, to come up again on Monday, and the small majority by which it was lost gives the hope that on second thought the House will adopt it, and allow the Secretary to carry out his policy of safe and gradual contraction. In the Senate we apprehend there will be more difficulty, as Mr. Sherman has indicated his hostility to the measure. An analysis of the vote in the House shows that nearly all the Democrats, with a considerable sprinkling of Republicans, voted for the bill.

[From the New York Herald. ) Satan and Sancho Panza Combined in Congress.

The absurd speech of Mr. Thad. Stevens in Congress last Saturday reads like a chapter from the famous novel of Cervantes. Mr Stevens is the Sancho Panza of the radical faction, as Senator Sumner is the Don Quixote. Although these two representatives travel the same road in company, their peculiarities are essentially different. Sumner is the knight; Stevens is the esquire. Sumper looks upon the negro race as a colored Dulcinea to be relieved while Stevens trudges along with an eye to fun and frolic, and a mouth ever open for the loaves and fishes. Sumner is rather moody and melancholy; much study of old books has made him mad; he renders himself ridiculous by attempting to carry out impracti cable theories in this practical, workaday age. Stevens has studied nothing but men, and only falls in with his master's chivalric notions when they promise to lead to good fare and fat offices. Sumner is ambitious of becoming he pleases, but the "rebel" is not allowed to the champion of the most ultra interpretations of the great principles of liberty, fraternity and equality. Stevens sighs only for creature comforts and remunerative patronage, and cares more for the next election than for any abstract principle ever enunciated. The one is a lunatic philosopher, and we pity him while we laugh at him. The other is a shrewd, unscrupul us politician, full of broad humon and fond of jokes, and we are equally ready to roar at him whether he is drubing some body or being soundly thrushed.

The Congressional Don Quixote and Sancho Panza might jog along together in appropriate companionship, causing mirth in all observers and happening upon all sorts of ludicrious adventures, without the slightest objection from any quarter, if it were not for the fact that Stevens, unlike his great original, has a spice of Satan, in his composition. Don Quixote Summer is safe enough in the Senate. Dixon. Doolittle, Cowan and a score of other deserves commendation from those he repre- sensible men are there watching him, and sents. He has separated himself from his they will prevent him from doing harm to the country by his fantastic performances. Then if the worst comes to the worst, President Johnson can interfere and unhorse this theoretical knight, this incarnated anachronism. with a veto message, that sends him sprawl ing in the mud even while he is shouting the battle cry of negro equality. But Sancho Panza Stevens, with a majority of the House of Representatives obedient to all his whims is not altogether laughable. There is a streak of deviltry in some of his proceedings which

His speech last Saturday, for example, is capital as mere piece of humor; but when we consider that through the subservient good nature of Congress he was allowed to put upon official record the vilest copperhead slanders against the President, and when we also remember that all his arrant talsehoods, humorous as they were when delivered in the House, are calculated and designed to deceive the Pennsylvania Dutch voters-when translated into German and circulated as a campaig document, we at once see the forked tail of Satan emerging from the rear of Sancho Panza's doublet. Nor are the marks of the Saturio presence less evident in the new scheme for subjugating the Southern States recently adopted by Stevens and his friends. The theory of Don Quixote Sumner in regard to the dead States and territorial governments seems to be abandoned by Sancho Panza as flat, stale and upprofitabe; and it is now pro posed to hold negro conventions at the South elect negro delegates to Congress, and admit them in defiance of the President and of pubtatives first satirically broached i umns, is quite seriously adopted by the radicals. They are determined to act as the French Convention did in relation to St. Domingo, and their course can produce only similar results.

THE SEA ISLAND LANDS .- The Richmond Disputch calls attention to the fact that the papers are almost all publishing a statement directly the reverse issued in the truth in re gard to the orders recently issued in South Carolina relative to the lands granted for three make with the freedmen contracts, approved by the Freedmen's Bureau, to remain as laorers. It the freedmen refuse to make such

Shepherdstown Correspondence.

The Three Great Acts of the Drama-the tered and why-Loc .! News.

SHEPHERDSTOWN, March 17, 1866. That the late Legislature of West Virginia has made itself infamous for history, it questions propounded. But who are the does not require the ken of a prophet to per-others? Will our friend Zittle favor us by ceive. All its legislation shows the spirit publishing the list of lawyers, living in def-that animated that body, was that of revenge; ferson, who have taken the West Virginia and the principle that governed its action was to perpetuate the existence of the radical party, or rather, obstructionist and disunionist party, at every hazard, even if it made the country a second revolutionary France, and blotted out the last trace of a Republican 'Tis notorious that the Legislature and the

radical party here, are heart and soul against

tion, and would to day play t e Brutus to the

Cæsar, if they had the courage. Not satis-

fied with the intamous "test oath," the late Legislature has capped the climax of infamy and disgrace to the State by the passage of the proposed "Constitutional Amendment" and "Registration Law," but this last was necessary in order to keep their party from | for the Smythe county district, was whipped Registrars, who are appointed by the Gov- ficulty originated from a charge made by the ernor, the right to say who shall and who deputy that the assessor had been guilty of shall not vote, and they may admit to regis- peculations by which he had relieved certain tration any one they may think proper without requiring of him the "test oath," or even 1864. asking him any questions. This provision was made for a very obvious reason. Many of the radical party here, who hold high positions, cannot take that "test oath" without | former place on Sunday, and is held for acperjuring themselves. For instance, one of tion by the powers that be.
the County Board of Registration, holding - On Monday morning a another official position under the State government, cannot take that "test outh," or answer the questions asked, without perjury with the legitimate construction of the bath and questions, and there are many others in the same dilemma. To avoid this stumbling block, they will be registered without the oath and no questions asked them, for they know that no one will be allowed to prefer charges against them for perjury before any grand jury or court in the State of West Virginia. They acknowledge that if a plain construction is given to the "dest oath" and "the questions," they cannot take it or answer them, without perjury, but they have reasoned themselves to believe that it does not apply to them, as they have been rebaptized in the cleans ng waters of the Radical Loyal Font, and all their sins blotted out. Tis said that if you " put a beggar on horseback, he will ride to the devil," and the adage may be verified in those radicals who have been put into power by accident, and not by

any merit of their own. There is another reason why they should admit to registration some men who are not willing to take the "test oath." those whom the radicals wish to join their party to give it respectability; and they are they can wheedle into their purposes, so as that if all are excluded from registration, who cannot honestly stand the test, their party will not have a corporal's guard in this county .-They allege that the law is necessary in order to protect those who have been "loval"faithful to the government all the time. We would like to see that so-called "loyal" man mong the radicals here, that did anything for Virginia or the United States, or in any way supported the "Union cause" during the war. When the war was over, then they became very bellicose, and have been waging a shameful and spiteful war against peaceful and unoffending citizens, and in violation of the pledges given by the United States government. Whenever their services were need ed in the day of trial, they were always found "wantin - " and left in such haste on some occasions, as to make their flight in woman's apparel, which was mistaken for their own. 'hese are the "brave boys" that are now so warlike, and need so many laws to keep them in a position to oppose President Johnson in his patriotic efforts to sustain the Constitution and the government, as they were in the earlier days of the Republic

The 10th question of the series, which have been copied verbatim from the Maryland Board, involves many of the so-called "loyal men of this town, and the "when and how," will show that many of them were engaged in smuggling go ds of various descriptions to rebels" so-called during the war, and in thus "aiding the rebellion," they violated the known laws of that government to which they had sworn allegiance. "People who live in glass houses should not throw stones." A few more questions might with great

propriety be added to the list, viz: "Are you in favor of the restoration of the Union, and do you sustain President Johnson in his efforts to restore peace and harmony to the country?" I'vo you believe that men who are denied citizenship, suffrage and representation should be taxed to support a government to which they are declared by law. alterns?"— 'Do you believe the negro equal to the white man, and are you in favor of enfranchising

The Circuit Court for this county commences here on the 2nd Monday in Aptil, and we understand the docket is a very long the last four or five months.

An effort is making to have the lower room of the Town Hall ready by that time for the accommodation of the Court. The African Church, the house formerly used for holding Courts, is now used for a negro school. The Board of Supervisors will meet shortly to fix the rate of taxation, to raise money to

build the jail here, as this is now the "permanent (?) county seat."

The Rev J. M. Green, the minister sent by the Northern Baltimore Conference to take possession of the church and other property here, has arrived, but the minister in charge and members refused to give it up, and we presume the matter will finally be settled by the Courts. Rev. Mr. Green preached on this circuit many years ago, and has latterly been connected with the negro bureau.

Captain Kearney of the 12th Va cayalry was arrested a few days ago, and held to bail to appear at the next term of the court, to answer the indictment that has been some time pending against him for taking goods for the use of the Confederate States Army, from the store of one Cronise, in this place, in the early part of the late war, and which had been abandoned by him. As these cases have been dismissed by courts in other parts of the State, it is hoped that this part of West Virginia, so-called, will not prove an exception to the justice that prevails else-MORE ANON.

COTTON IN 1866 .- A letter from an intelligent citizen of Georgia, estimates that years to the freedmen by General Sherman. the crop of Cotton for 1866 will reach 3,000. The order is that the owners may have possession (the title to stand as it is) where they is, the Freedmen having recovered from the the crop of Cotton for 1866 will reach 3,000, dream inspired by Federal agents, show an increased disposition to labor, and planters contracts, they will be dispossessed. If the are reported to be making preparations to owners so refuse, the freedmen will remain in put as large a crop in the ground as they can find means to cultivate.

Virginia Items.

MANSLAUGHTER .- Our town was thrown Registration Act Completes the Climax— into considerable excitement on Monday night resumed the publication of the Spirit of an Outside View of it—who will be regis- last, by the killing of Bennett McCard, a Jefferson, with the intention and hope of colored waiter at the Hotel of Mrs. L. A. GLAIZE. It seems that the deceased was standing quietly upon the street when he was accosted by a Mr. Dooley, from Charlestown hundred names who have never paid us a cent evening, Major General Jubus Stahl, Sir Va. who for sometime has been engaged at work in the shop of Mr. PHILLIP AFFICK, and charged with stealing a horse the night the same time attempted to release himself passed, and weeks have passed, and months from the hold which Dooley had taken of his are passing, and after a while, the year will collar. Before he succeeded however, he re- be gone, and they will remain unpaid to the ceived a blow upon the head from the effects of which he died in about one hour. An inquest was held the following morning. The

following is the finding of the Jury:
"That the deceased was killed by a blow from a wooden instrument in the hands of President Johnson and his policy of restora- THEODORE DOOLEY; and that he came to his death by unlawful violence, and THEODORE DOOLEY is guilty thereof."

A warrant, issued by the Coroner, is in the hands of the Sheriff for Dooley's arrest. [ Clarke Journal.

- Captain H. A. Forsythe, U. S. Assessor 'falling into decay" and to give them abso- with a "hickory" by the Deputy Sheriff, Mclute control over the ballot box. It gives the Donald, at Marion, on Friday last. The difdistillers of the payment of their taxes for

- Wm. L. Boydton, a Lynchburg convict, who escaped from the penitentiary on the evacuation of Richmond, was arrested in the -On Monday morning a dwelling belong-

ing to Mr. James C. Irvin, in Lynchburg, occupied by a widow lady named Seo t, was destroyed by fire, with nearly all its contents, interesting and earnest series of meetings leaving the occupant, with her children, in complete destitution. - The Petersburg Index states that the

search for the body of Mr. Claiborne Drum-Blacks and Whites depot, a few days ago, after the truth. Daring last week, the actright, who mysteriously disappeared near has proven fruitless, and his afflicted family, ing Pastor, Rev. Mr. Bedinger, was assisted at last admitting that he is dead, are in the by Rev. Dr. Lefevre of Baltimore, whose nifeant paragraph: greatest distress.

- The residence of Mr. W. T. Crawford; one of the best men in Augusta county, together with his barn, granary, smoke-house, and all of his furniture, wheat, corn, oats, leather, flour and lard, was destroyed by fire, mid-day, Tuesday. The fire communicated from the kitchen chimney.

-The grocery of Mr. A. M. Pierce, in Staunton, was broken into a few nights since, and robbed of a considerable quantity of valnable stores and wares. On the same night a box was stolen from the National Express of war which our nation has sustained; in St. Patrick's day, the 17th instant. If it Company's office, but was recovered, the view of the near approach of the securge of should thus fall out, the 17th instant will be thief being pursued too closely.

- Some excitement has been created about Churchville, Augusta county, by the discovalso very anxious to get all whom they think | ery of oil symptoms on the farm of Mr Isaac Movers, said to be even more favorable than to make show in numbers, for they well know | the signs of oleaginous fluid in Burning sweeping away the sustenance of man, and Springs in the same county. The owner is too poor to improve the prospect, however.

-The National Express Company, says the Valley Virginiau, has ceased to operate on the Virginia Central Railroad, the Orange and Alexandria Railroad and the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, and has wisely determined to confine itself to lines where it is not forced off of the mail trains.

- Captain John C. Ward, of the Confed erate army, died at his home, in Bedford county, on the 6th inst. He commanded the Lynchburg Rifles from the Spring of 1862 till the close of the war. -The patriotic people of Winchester are

devoting their energies to the removal of Confederate dead around that place to a separate cemetery recently purchased by the laday, for \$215, payable in six, twelve and

eighteen months. Another, an acre and a half, sold for \$275, one third cash. -Since the passage of the law funding

up to 50 and Coupons to 73. boden, near Lexington, was robbed a few

nights ago, for the fifth or sixth time in the last few months. -On the third Monday in this month, the citizens of Rockingham are going to hold

an Andy Johnson meeting at Harrisonburg. lence of a high March wind, a yell of fire - Col. E. F. Keen's premises, in Danville, were invaded a few nights ago, and the smokehouse robbed of all its contents, consisting of bacon, beef, flour, lard, &c.

- Mr. John Kelly, of Staunton, lost an eye a few days ago, while cutting wood, a splinter from which flew into it. -The Alexandria Journal understands

that stately deer, wild turkeys and other varieties of game are plentiful in the neighborhood of Mt. Zephyr and Mt. Vernon. - The congregation of St. Paul's Church,

Petersburg, have presented their rector with a purse of \$1,300.

been leased to Mr. George L. Peyton, of one, cases having accumulated very fast in Charlott sville, and will be opened to the public in a few weeks.

-Thieving is common in Halifax county. The jail is thriving.

THE SUPEME COURT AND JUDICIAL CIR-CUITS .- The national House of Representatives has passed a bill reducing the number of judges of the Supreme Court from ten to nine. It has been but three years since the number of judges was raised from nine to ten, a new circuit being created for the Pacific States. There being a vacancy on the bench since the decease of Justice Catron, the present reduction, if it goes into effect, will not legislate any judge out of office; it, however, necessitates an extensive rearrangement of the circuits. By the new law, the late Justice ('atron's circuit disappears entirely, being divided among the others. Louisiana and Texas are added to Justice Wayne's circuit; West Virginia s taken from Chief Justice Chase and added to Justice Swayne's; Kentucky and Tennessee to Justice Davis's; and Arkansas to Justice Miller's. Some other adjustments are also made. South Carolina is taken from Justice Wayne and given to Chief Justice Chase, and Wisconsin is taken from Justice Davis and given to Justice Miller. Nevada, just admitted, is added to Justice Field's circuit.

By the above bill the fourth judicial circuit, assigned to Chief Justice Chase, is reconstructed so as to comprise the States of Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. - Baltimore Sun.

dent Johnson has alarmed the Radicals in the Senate by sending in the nomination of of Internal Revenue for St. Louis. They reointments will be made from the Conservative ranks, and they tear the effect upon office-Radical ideas of the majority in Congress. on deposit in national depositories.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

READ THIS .- Some five months ago we doing a cash business, and yet there are today on our subscription list more than one since we started; although they assured us Percy Wyndham, and General Spear, all when they subscribed that they would do so in a "few days." The "ew days" have end. This ought not to be. You cannot ! send to the city and get the paper for a day filled for the first regiment. without the money, and you do wrong to expect us to furnish it until we are paid for it! coming week. Within the last week or two we have received orders for the Spirit from three different parties at Leetown, unaccompanied by the money. We have sent these papers, but take occasion here to state that we cannot send the paper hereafter, unless the cash accompanies the order.

Now it is ten days to the first of April, and there is not one who cannot raise three dollars to nav us within ten days. We therefore suggest that each subscriber who has not already paid us, come forward and do so at once; and to those who cannot come we would say, send your money by mail, and we will take the risk of its reaching us. Every man who reads the paper knows whether he has reading our paper and not his own

INTERESTING MEETING .- One of the most ever had in this town, is now in progress at the Presbyterian Church, and we are glad to cerned, have been awakened to an inquiry ministrations were not unattended with suclarge and appreciative audiences had the satisfaction of listening to able and searching discourses from Rev. Dr. Stiles, perhaps one of the ablest ministers of his age. The Dr. we understand will probably remain during the present week, and aid in the continuance of this most interesting, and we trust, effective meeting. In view of the sore chastisement pestilence which we may scarcely hope to es- a great day in the annals of Canada." cape during the coming summer; in view of the probabilities of a not far-distant famine as indicated by cattle pestilences which are which we think may be regarded as the warn- to Ireland in arms? The sympathies of the ing evidences of God's displeasure, we look upon the times as peculiarly appropriate for these agents of the Most High to put forth their mest earnest efforts to awaken fallen and depraved humanity to its true con ition, and to the uncertain tenure of its mortal existence. The sermons of Dr. Stiles on Sabbath were well calculated to do this, and whilst some of the seed sown may have fallen up to an abandant harvest.

FIRES AND FIRE ALARMS. Quite a consternation was created at the Presbyterian Church on Thursday evening last, about the - A half-acre lot sold in Staunton Mon- time of the dismissal of the congregation .-An alarm of fire was sounded, and the audience, in excitement, bustled and hurried out of the building. In the confusion that the interest of Virginia Bonds, Registered ensued, one or two ladies fainted, and others and Coupons, Registered Bonds have gone shricked as though they would faint if they were not soon rescued. Fortunately, no se-- The store-house of Mrs. Rebecea Im- rious injury was sustained, and many afterwards laughed and felt ashamed of their own timidity, when they learned that the whole thing was caused by the bursting of a lamp.

On Saturday morning, during the prevawas heard, which had its origin in a volume of smoke which was seen issuing from the jewelry establishment of Mr. W. W. Burton, on Main street. On inquiry we learned that Mr. B. had been fixing his stove-pipe in the morning, using an old piece of carpet. This piece of carpet he threw into a barrel -not knowing that it was on fire-and went to his breakfast. In his absence, it commenced burning, and but for timely discovery, might have resulted in serious destruction. The most singular fire of all, however, is

- The Virginia Hotel at Staunton has one which has caused acute suffering to our quondam cotemporary, Mr. D. Smith Eichelberger. Having been for some time pas annoved by mice, he purchased some of "Stonekiller's Rat-Breaker," with the determination of exterminating the "varmints," which he prepared in the usual way, following directions. By some means a portion of the phosphoretic compound-we hope we havn't overshot the mark- got on the front finger of the left hand. To cleanse this finger, he commenced scraping it on a table, bench or chair, when she took fire-either the finger or the rat-killer-ignited; exploded or went off, and before the flames could be extinguished, put out, subjugated or destroyed-as the case may be-quite a burn had been inflicted or afflicted upon our friend's dexter grampus, which has caused him severe suffering since Saturday evening last. We hope he may speedily find relief. Dr. John Hurst says the finger is still smoking, and that the case is the most obstinate one he ever had before Judge Balch's Court last summer. A FINANCIAL CONTROVERSY.—There is

emanating from the Comptroller, and the latter after demonstrating that his figures were right, pitches into the Secretary, by way of demonstrating also that he has some indepen-Nomination by the President.—President that he would require \$112,000,000 more than current receipts to carry him through the remainder of the fiscal year, Clarke avers General Frank Blair for the post of Collector that by a proper administration of his resources he can save a surplus of \$200,000,000. gard it as an indication that his future ap- | He further states that the Hen. Secretary has not in any of his mouthly statements for the few months shown with a fifty millions of dolholders who have heretofore sustained the lars the amount of money in the Treasury or

THE FENIANS.

Work to Commence at Once. Distinguished Officers Appointed to Com-

New York, March 18th, 1866 .- Last cavalry officers, were appointed to important commands in the Fenian army by General Sweeney, the Secretary of War, 1 19170

Authorization was also granted for recruiting a cavalry brigade to operate on the frontier. Seventeen companies of eavalry are already

Sharp work may be anticipated during the

The Fenian Excitement in Canada.

The correspondent of the Herold, writing from Detroit under date of the 13th instant says that intense excitement exits throughout Upper Canada. "Troops are being hurried to the front continually; artillery wagons are passing to and fro; earthworks are being constructed on the line of the frontiers at points we know that among all our delinquents, considered as most vulnerable, and everything wears a military aspect." On the American side of the river everything is quiet, and not an armed Fenian anywhere to be found. The Detriot Fenians have contributed four thousand stand of arms for the Irish in this locality. It is asserted that "a number of Irishmen will congregate at Windsor on St. Patrick's niggt, and when Fenians on the American side set off green rockets and fire minute guns, they will throw themselves upon the volunteers paid for it or not, and if he has not he is from the rear, while American Fenians cross over and attack them in the fron ." The calling out of the volunteers is said to have been caused by the anticipation of difficulties on St. Patrick's day.

In Montreal, the excitement is unabated General Lindsay reviewed the militia and dispatched two thousand men to the frontier. learn that many persons, heretofore uncon- The Canadian police are very active and vigilant, and the whole military force are on the

The Toronto Globe has the following sig-

"Whether the Fenians put their necks in cess. On Sabbath last, morning and evening, the noose that is ready for them or not, it is highly desirable that the practical working of ur provincial system of defence should be understood by our people, and confidence inspired as to the effciency and promptitude of its operation in any emergency.

On the other side, the Montreal National Union says: "It is true that the Irish patriots are meeting at the present time in this city and staying at the houses of their friends who live in Montreal, and will strike a great blow on

Also that they do not doubt that the Irishmen in revolt will soon be recognised as belligeren's by the American Government. "And France, which recognised the South as belligerent, can she logically refuse the same favor world are with Ireland, as they were with Poland. And as there is nothing impossible in these days, it would not be surprising to see Russia and the United States plack Ireland from England, and put the Emerald Isle in the casket of independent nations."

The Registry Law.

In its last issue, the Wheeling Register, in referring to the questions which the papers upon sterile soil, yet others we are sure fell of this county have published in connection upon good ground and will eventually spring | with the Registry Law, has the following article. Our own views of this law, and the authority of the Registrar to propound these questions, will be found elsewhere :-

No Questions .- We observe that the Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, Register, speaking of the operation of the Registration Act, publishes a series of questions to be propounded to applicants for registration. Either the Board of Registration in Jefferson county are proceeding in shameful disregard of the aw, or the editor has been inisinformed. Neither the County Board nor the Registrars' have any power or authority to ask a single question of the applicant for Registration. If the Registrar doubts the loyalty of the applicant, he may require him to take the test oath, but that is all. He has no right to ask him whether he ever sympathized with the cause of the South in the recent rebellion or rejoiced over Southern victories. If the Registrar proposes such questions as these, or in fact any question at all except such as may be necessary to ascertain the residence of the voter and the time he has been in the State and county, he exceeds his authority, violates the law, and should be punished therefor.

We trust that the Shepherdstown Register will correct the impression its publication of the questions has produced, and we trust also that the Democratic and conservative citizens of the various counties of the State will see to it that, if the Registration act is enforced at all it is not made more oppressive and tyran-nical than the terms of the law allow Hold all the officers of Registration strictly within the power given them by the law, and suffer no officer to exceed that power with impunity.

Lecture by Fred. Douglas.

Fred. Douglas delivered a lecture in Washngton on Saturday night, in which he claimed the right of the negro to vote, on the following grounds:

1st. That he is a man. 2d. Because he is a citizen. 3d. Because the negro needs to be encouraged to labor for his own improvement. 4th. Because he needs the right of suffrage for his own protection 5th. The negro wants the elective franchise because the white man wants it. 6th. He wants it because he has deserved it. 7th. The government should give the franchise to the blacks because it may need them again .-8th, Because this is a government based on universal suffrage. 9th. Because there can be no sound reconstruction without it. 10th. Because the nation is in honor bound to enfranchise the negro; and 11th. Because there is no reason against it.

After Douglas had elaborated these propo-

"Senators Yates and Wilson and General Howard each came forward in response to trouble between Secretary McCulloch and his loud and repeated calls, and made a few re-Comptroller, Freeman Clarke. He has taken marks, expressive of their earnest sympathy occasion to correct a statement of finances with the cause of equal justice. Judge Kelley then stepped forward and said that Sam. Houston, in disbanding the Texan army, dismissed his troops with the injunction "Go home and plant corn," and he would say to the present audience, "Go home and agitate, agitate, agitate for the truth until the truth prevails."- OT BYO TO TOTHY

> - There was a good deal said at one time about the eloquent argument against slavery of Sumner's "vacant chair" in the Senate .-There are twenty-two arguments of the same kind just at this time on behalf of a reunited

Among the many thrilling events of the late war (says the St. Louis Republican of the 7th) none can exceed the adventures of Mrs. Luretta De Camp, the anbject of this sketch. Mrs. De Camp, whose maid-en name was Roach, was born in the West Indes, in 1838, and is now about twenty-eight years of age. At an early period her parents moved to the United States and settled in the parish of St. sames, Louisis ana. The current of her ite ran smoothly on, until the outbook of the current of her ite ran smoothly on, until the outbreak of the war for Southern independence, when, fired by enthusiasm in, as she thought the cause of liberty, she donned the male attire, and was among the first to rush to arms. Raising a expense, she proceeded to Virginia, and there served for eight months on the Peninsula, under the command of the celebrated Co onel Dreux, before her sex was discovered. When this occurred she was at once mustered out and ordered home. Instead of obeying the order, she proceeded to Columbus, Kentucky and was serving with General Polk at the evacuation of that place. She proceeded to Island No. 10 tout not being assisfied with the manner in which affairs were conducted there, she left and went to Fort P llow, where she was elected First Lieutenant in Captain Phillips' Company of Inde, endent Tennessee Cavilry. With her company she proceeded to Corinth, and reported to General A. S. Johnston. At the battle of Shitch Captain Phillips fell mortally wounded and the command devolved on her. While gallantly leading her company in a charge, she was twice wounded and carried from the field. After the retreat from Corinth she was taken to New Orleans for surgical treatment, and when the ci y fell is to the Federal hands she was amo g those taken prisoner. After a confinement of several mouths sue was paroled, and soon after exchang-

Proceeding at once to Richmond, the disguised female soidier was commissioned 1st Lieutenant in the Adjutant General's department, and ordered to report to Gen. Marcus J. Wright, commanding the district of Atlanta. Upon reporting, she was assigned to duty with the Provosi Marshall, as chief of detectives and in litary conductor, Serving tor several months in this capacity, she me Major De Camp, of the 3.1 Arkansas cavalry, to whom she was engaged to be married previous to the war. The ceremony was then perfor ned at Atlanta, and from the tashing Lentenant Roach she was transformed to the sober Mrs. Major De Camp. From this time her services ceased as an officer in the field, and she was engaged in secret service-sometimes in the Conted-racy, again in England and then in Canada. In 1864 she spent several months traveling in the United States, and even went as tar as the Sioux country in Mionesota. Her husband, who was taken prisoner in the fall of 1863, while serving with his regimen in Georgia, was carried to New York. Aver long and arduous seige she at length succeeded in genting him paroled in January, 1865. but he lived only light days after his release from prison. Subsequent to the dea h of ter husband (in January, 1865,) she proceeded to Columbus, Ohio, to wa ch over the in crests of the Co federate

pris mers confined at Camp Chase.

After the col'apse of the C niederace, Mrs. De Comp remained in the North until January, when n here only a few days, -he proceeded to Meme phis, and purchased a stock of goods which were, shipped on the ill-fated steamer Minmi, which was blown up on the Arkansas in Febuary. She was one of the two ladies who were saved, bu with the sacrince of all her bargage and goods By an untoriunate oversight on the part o her merchants her goods were not insured, and, consequently she

Mrs. De Camp a now in this city, and sojourning at the Southern Hotel. Many who served in the Confederate army will remember the dashing Lient. Rosen, of whom so much was said in 1863. Our space will not p rmit a full recital of her adventures

SCENES AT THE CAPITOL.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Express presents the following picture of the Capi-

Weather cold-for two or three days, very Negroes fill the Senare galleries - not to hear Massa Sumner, : ut to keep w .rm. Shanty is co d; Senate is hot. I see, cheek by jowl, a prominent New York-er jammed in between two fat negro wench s-and to infinite disgus; but he can't get out: Vive la Liberte, and Egalite and Fraternite. The colder the weather is out, the thicker are the negroes within Congress has been a sort of heating place for

The nature and vigor of the Opposition to the President, are as yet but little known to him.-Night after night-the clerks of the de attments, appeared by R publican influence, are employed to irect and rink (by stamos) speeches, after speeches, thousands in amount: The Administration pays to kill itseld The Republican leaders are making desperate efforts to support themselves before the people. As before stated, one handred thousand dollars are, or are to be, raised for this arrpose, mainly forced from office-holders or shoddy.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S VIEWS - The Washington correspondent of the New York Advertiser says:

"The President evidently feels that he is master of the situation, and he is terribly in earnest in his opposition to Congress, especially when he finds houself attacked as he was on Saturday by Mr. Stevens. He told a New England Congressman on Monday that Louisiania is now more loyal than she ever was, her large toreign population never having transterred the abegiance which they bore to France before the treaty of transfer and that South Carolina is more loval than she has been since the nullification tever began to break out. But he grimly incimated that other sections of the Union are not displaying much loyalty, and that the next rebellion may be commenced in Massachusetts."

The London Times clearly conceives the issue pending in this country when it says that the miure of th United States is "dependent in a great mea-Johnson and the Redicals, who sway the legis are portion of the Government. If the Executive chief ghould succeed in enforcing his policy of conciliation and reconstruction, the Southern States, in the des velopment of their special branches of industry, will probably exceed our present autic pations; but, in the contrary event, those who count upon seeing our factories in Lanca-hire again supplied with cheap and abundant American products, will be lamentably dissapointed"

Died.

On the 4th of June, 1854, SUSIE LEMEN, aged 11 months and 23 days; and on the 25th of February, 1566, MARY EUGENIA, aged 5 years, 10 months and 9 days, daughters of Capt. Milton J and Elizabeth E Billmyer. On the 19th of July 1864, JOHN FITZ LEE, aged 1 year and 10 days; and on the 9th of March, inst., JOSEPH MARTIN, ged I year and 7 days, sons of John T. and Susan M. Billinger.

L. DOW HESS, DUFFIELD's P. O., VIRGINIA, Agent for the Sale of all Kinds of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, VIZ:

THESHING MACHINES, WHEAT FANS, WHEAT AND SEED DRILLS, GURN AND COB CRUSHERS, CORN SHELLERS, CIDER MILLS. PUMPS OF ALL KINDS, PLOWS, &c &c.

JOHN H. STEWALT.] [LEWIS F. ZIMMERMAN. JOHN H. STEWART & CO.'S MA.BLE WORKS

No. 17 South Market Street, FREDERICK CITY, MD. MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTLES, Brown and Marble Stone for Buildings.

and all kinds of Plain & Ornamental Mari le Work .... ALL WORK GUARANTEED..... L. DOW HESS, AGENT. Duffield's Depot, March 20, 1866-6m. PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL sell at my residence in Charlestown, on SATURDAY, the 24th of MARCH, inst. ? One Bedstean, Bed and Bedding; One Bureau, One Small Table; One Stand, half-dozen Windsor Chairs One ten-place Stove One GOLD WATCH; Small lot of Crockery Ware.

Sale to commence at 3 o'clock. JOHN H STRIDER.

Adm'r f John Sellers, dec'd.

GARDEN SEED.

REARSLEY & SHEERER. GREY BLANKETS. WANTED-5:0 Barrels Corn in exchange for ceived and for sale by D. HO WELL, CHARLES JOHNSON.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

For the Week Ending March 17, 1866. Ohio, Super.....8.00 Extra.....9.00 Rye Flour, new ... 4.00
Corn Meal ... 3.50
GRAIN—Wheat, White choice ... 2.90
" fair to good ... 1.95
" interior ... 1.90
" Rec, choice ... 2.32 4.50 fair to good .... 2.10 merior ..... 1.81 0.00 Corn, Yellow new ......70 Oats, .....48 BACON -Sides......16 

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The advertiser, having been restored to health in a tew weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption-is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a same cure for Consumption Asthms, Bronchitts, Conghis, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluab e, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost their nothing, and may prove Parties wishing the prescription, FREE. by return mail, will please a idress

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

Williamsburg, Kings county, N. Y.

March 20, 1566-19. ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will f r the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making a simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No. 13 Chambers street, New York. March 20, 1866-1y.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE! Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing

the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged, will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please add cas their obedient servant, THOMAS F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, New York. March 20, 1863-1y.

NOTICE. A LL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN SELLERS, dec'd, will please present them properly authenticated. All persons indebted to the same are requested to make payment to JOHN H. STRIDER, Adm'r. March 20, 1:66-5t. PUBLIC SALE.

LIAVING rented my Farm, I will sell to the Friday, the 30th day of March, 1866, at my residence, two and a half miles east of Sn ith-field, one mile from the turnpike leading to Charles-STOCK & FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

CONSISTING, IN PART, OF 5 HEAD OF GOOD HORSES, two of which are young Mares ; 10 HEAD OF YOUNG CATTLE & COWS,

3 Brood Sews, 21 head of Stock Hogs; 2 Farm Wagons, (one 6 horse new,) I Wagon Bed, Grain Ladders (nearly new,) 1 Cart and Cart Harness, 2 first-rate Barshear Plows, one and two horse McCormick Double and Single Shovel Plows, 2 Corn Harrows, and 2 four square Harrows, 2 Corn Coverers, Wire Rakes, Double and Single Trees, Stretchers, Breast Chains and Traces.

4 setts Breeching, 4 setts fore Gear, 1 sett Sleigh Harness, 3 Grain Cradles, (Ott's make,) 1 Horse Rake, Forks, Rakes, 1 sett Blacksmiths' Pools,

2,000 Oak Shingles; 600 feet Pine Plank; 100 L cust Posts; 1 Good Grindstone; 1000 POUNDS OF BACON. AND 50 BARRELS OF CORN, (for which the CASH will be required.)

TERMS OF SALE. A credit of six months will be given on all sums over \$10, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; all sums of \$10 and under, the cash will be required. Any person buying above \$10, who may wish to pay cash, can have 5 per cent. off.—
No property to be removed till the terms are com-

.... Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. JOHN G. SHIRLEY. JOHN G. SI JOHN W McGi: MIS, Auctioneer. March 20, 1866-ts.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of WILLIAM GROVE, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement immediately, otherwise they will be debarred from all benefits of the estate, Those indebted to the estate are required to pay up by the 1st of April, otherwise suit will be brought for speedy collection.

JAMES W. GLENN, Adm'r. March 13, 1866-3t.

THE NEW LIGHT.

Atmospheri Coal Gil Gas Light, NOW on exhibition at the store of LEISENRING SON & Co., in Charlestown.

Artificial light of some sort is a universal necessity; a safe, cheap and orilliant one, is a luxury; a uxury too, only enjoyed heret, fore by those living in large towns or cities where Gas is used Years of study and thousands of dollars annually have been spent by experiment of different kinds, in trying to invent and perfect a Burner or Lamp by which Coal Oil coule be burned practically without the expense and trouble of chimneys, this long looked for and much desired object has at tast been obtained, and is styled the

ATMOSPHERIC COAL OIL GAS LAMP. Its adaptation to Dwellings, Churches, Railroads Steamboats, Hotels, Stores, &c., is unsurpassed, in short, this invention brings the luxorious and brilliant Gas light within the reach of all, whether in city or country. It gives the light of a six foot Gas Burner for less than one cent per hour, or double the quantity of light of the ordinary commenv lamp, with one-third less oil; will burn, when turned down to a taper-light, ten hours for one cent, is free from smoke or smell; can it carried from room to room, the wind will not blow it out.

This light is destined to super-ede all portable artificial light or chumn y lamps now in use; thousands of them will find ready sale in every county; no family that uses this light one evening will again be annoyed with the chimney lamps. Thousands of them will be used in cities, as this light is one half cheaper than Coal Gas, and much more pleasant to the eye. The exclusive agency for the sale Its adaptation to Dwellings, Churches, Railroads ant to the eye. The exclusive agency for the sale of this Lump can be secured in every county through out the United States, and parties purchasing will be supplied with the Goods at reasonable rates

Agents for Jeffers in County,
Feb. 13—201. LEISENRING SON & CO.

grape now known in this climate. It is pronounced by best judges equal to Brack Hamber selling in large quantities at 50cts lb. Vines will be furnished at low rates. \$2 single vine, three for \$5. Those wanting will leave their names and money with Dr. Mason, to whom further reference is made. In consequence of the great demand and high price of feelings to the consequence of the great demand and high price of freights from the West I cannot sell my Rome Beauty Apple Trees for less than thirty cents cash. Putnam, Bussetts, and other choice varieties at my old prices cash or interest added. As to the character of my fruit and trees I would refer you to Colonel Larne, Rev Dr Dutton, Major R Shirley, S. I. Wooddy, Col Crane and others who have them bearing.

Charlestown, Reb 27-36. Charlestown, Peb 27--3t

GOLDEN OINTMENT, LORITCH and other cutaneous diseases, pre-P pared and sold by Jan. 16.

20 pairs of heavy Grey Blankets, just re-

JOHN N. BUCK, AJO

WOODSIDE, GRIFFITH & HOBLITZELL GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS! 8.50 9.50 No. 47 Light St., BALTO, GIVE particular attention to sales of GRAIN, SEED; and COUNTRY PRODUCE. REFERENCES.

P Gubson, Cashier National Bank, Baltimore, W P Smith, Sup't Bultimore & Ohio Railroad Messrs Baker & Co., Winchester, John Stephenson, Stephenson's Depot. Wm. Hardesty, Summit Point, Capt J. J. Lock, Charlestown, J. W. Luke, Berryville, Col. Robert Lucas, Duffield's Depot, Meredith Helm, Keraneysville. Consignments respectfully solicited JOHN N. BUCK,
For Woodside, Griffith & Hoblitzell

Warch 13. 1866 - 1y. WILLIAM H. FORD. Merchant lailor,

23 North Howard Stree , BALTIMORE. March 13, 1866-1y.

CHARLES STEWART. CHAIR MAKER No. 341 North Howard Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

G-Cottage Furniture constantly or hand. 13 Sofas, Chairs and all kinds of Furniture neat-y repaired. [March 13, 1866-1y

SHELBY & DULANY. WHOLESALE STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS

AND DEALERS IN PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS. No. 332 West Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, Md.

Respectfully solicits the patronage of Country

Merchants and the trade. Orders promptly executed at lowest Cash prices REFER BY PERMISSION TO Clatworthy, & Co., Orendorf & Bean Howard, Cole & Co., Samuel Bevan & Co., Coffroth & Mi ler. Turker Smith & Co, March 13, 1866 - 6m.

CATALOGUE

CARTES DE VISITE AND MEDIUM

Photographs, PUBLISHED BY

SELBY & DULANY. WHOLESALE STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS, AND DEALERS IN

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, SCH. OL BOOKS, &c. No. 332 West Bultimore Street, BALTIMORE.

Joseph E Johnston, G T, Beaulegard, J. H. Morgan, J. E. B Stuart, Pegram, John B. Hood, T J Jackson, Jubal Early, A. P. Hill, S. B Buckner, Breckinridge, Kemper, Brig. Gen. Beale. J. Longstreet, Sterling Price, Maj. Gen. W. Hampton, Stokes, Admiral R Semmes, Fitzhugh Lee, Jefferson Davis. Kershaw.

have just published and copyrighted from the ONLY-shife original, a splended picture of the late Brig. Gen. Turner Ashby, of Virginia. All the above in Cartes de Visite and Medium A full assortment of Oval Frames at low prices. March 13, 1866.

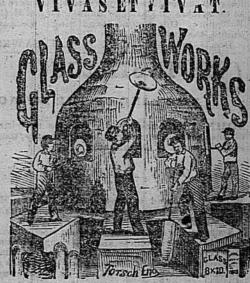
Geo. O. Stevens, & Co., Manufacturers and Dealers in DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, MOULDERS, SLATE MANTLES

and BUILDING MATERIALS. Agents for West Castleton Rullroad and State Company, and H. B. Smith's Wood Working Machinery.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES: Doors, Sashes, (glazed and unglazed,) Blinds, Newel Posts, Bullsters and Wooden Mantles, Hand Rails, Builders' Hardware, Trusses, Window and Door Frames, Door Jambs, Mouldings, Brackets, Hot Bed Sashes, Slate Mantles, Slate Hearths, Hot Bed Sashes, Slate Mantles, State Hearths, Window Glass, Centre Flowers, Carved Moutdings and Brackets Panel Ornaments, Sash Weights and Cords, Dressed Floering, Wood Tube for Chain Humps and Water Pipe, Columns, Verge Boards, Sawed and Carved Work of every descriptions. tion, and a great variet, of Build ng Waterials. Also, surfacing, Power and Foot Mortising, Moulding, Tenoning, Planing and Blind Mortising Ma-

chines: We solicit your orders,
GEO. O. STEVENS & CO., 47 W. Pratt St, near Speer's Wharf, March 13, 1866-6.n Baltimore, Md.

VIVAS ET / IVAT.



SEIM & EMORY.

No. 29 HANGVER STREET, BALTIMORE, MANUFACTURERS AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE, Druggists' and Confectioners' GLASSWARE, DEMIJOANS, Wine, Porter & Mineral BOTTLES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS, Crystal, Plate, Enameled, Obscure, Colored and

Rough Plate, Glaziers' DIAMONDS, PAINTS, OILS, &c. March 13. 1866-6m.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP, THE public is respectfully notified that the under-signed continue to conduct business at the old stand, ' Millen's Row," Charlestown, Jefferson

MACHINE WAKING AND REPAIRING, CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKING Also, BLACKSMITHING in all its branches Agents for Jeffers in County,
Feb. 13—2m. LEISENRING SON & CO.

IONA GRAPE.

THIS Grape for hardiness, thriftiness sure bearing, size and general excellence, surpass any grape now known in this climate. It is pronunced.

Also, BLACKSMITHING in all its branches. We are prepared to manufacture to order, Ploughs, Harrows, Wagons—in fact alm st any thing per taining to WOOD AND IRON, in the speediest and best manner, and upon reasonable terms.

Grape now known in this climate. It is pronunced.

We are prepared to manufacture to order, Ploughs, Harrows, Wagons—in fact alm st any thing per taining to WOOD AND IRON, in the speediest and best manner, and upon reasonable terms facture and Repair of Farming Implements. Mill Work and Axes,

WEIRICK & WELLER. November 14, 1865-1y. 13-Highest cash price paid for Old Iron LESH OYSTERS.

I am daily receiving FRESH OYSTERS, and serve them to the public Fried, Stewed or Raw, by the Plate, and to families by the Can crotherwise.—
The usual accompania, ents of Slaugh, Catsup, Pickles, Crackers and Fresh Butter. I have also fitted up a Room especially for the ac-commodation of the Ladies. JOHN F. BLESSING.

NOTICE. A LL persons owing us will plesse come forward and settle.

AlsQUITH & BRO.

January 16, 1866.

Cloves, Mace, Allspice, Nut megs, Cincamon Bark, Ground Cintiamon, White and Black Mustard Seed, Celery Seed, Pepper, Ja-maica Ginger, Race Ginger and Ground Ginger, or sale by CAMPBELL & MASON

BALTIMORE CARDS.

PIANO FORTES AND MUSIC.

THE subscriber respectfully solicits the attention of the public to his fine assortment of Piano Fortes of various styles and patterns, of 6, 63 and 7 octaves; amongst them those from the celebrated factory of "STODART,"

of New York, which for beauty of tone, power and durability, are unequalled. Also those of GROVESTEEN & CO., the finest cheap Pianos now manufactured, and to

A number of second-hand PIANOS also on hand, from \$150 to \$300, both for sale and rent. - SHEET MUSIC OF ALL KINDS. INSTRUCTION BOOKS for all instruments. MELODEONS, VIOLINS, GUITARS, STRINGS of all kinds, ac, &c
Orders from country dealers, and schools especially, solicited, and liberal discount allowed,
H. D. HEWILT,

No. 56 North Charles st., near Saratoga, March 6-ly, JAMES A. L. MC'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. No. 40, St. Paul Street. Baltimore, PRACTICES in the State and United States Courts and pays particular attention to the prosecu on of claums against the General Government.

January 2d 1866-tf.

McINTOSH'S HOWARD HOUSE, HOWARD STREET. BALTIMORE.

JOHN McINTOSH, PROPRIETOR. .... Please give me a call when you next visit the City. [Jan'y 16, 1866—6m, DANIEL F. POPE,

JOHN R. COX & POPE,

PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, S. W. Corner Howard and Fayette Streets, BALTIMORE. FLOUR, GRAIN, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, &c.

REFERENCES, Western Bank, Baltimore, Comm. and Farmers' Bank, Balt. J. McIntosh, Howard House. SMALL FRUIT WANTED. DRIED BLACKBERRIES.

DRIED CHERRIES-PITTED. WHORTLEB RRIES. Those persons having these articles to sell, will always find a market at the house of JOHN R. COX & POPE, Southwest Corner Howard and Fayerte Sts.

near Howard House. Baltimore, March 6, 1866—6m. ADOLPH BERY. IMPORTER AND WHOLE ALE DEALER IN Wines and Liquors, Tobacco and

CIGARS. GENERAL COMMISSION -AND SHIPPING MERCHANT.

No. 172, West Pratt St., near Multby House, BALTIMORE. March 6, 1865-6m. STEAM MARBLE WORKS.

GADDESS BROS., Corner of Sharp and German Streets, BALTIMORE. MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD STONES

of American and Italian Marble, of Original Design, always on hand, [ROBERT HICKLEY.] [JAMES HICKLEY,] R. HICKLEY & BRO.

DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE. No. 8 North Howard Street, Opposite the Howard Touse,

March 6, 1866. - 6m. STEPHEN L. BIRD & CO., DRY GOODS MERCHANTS No. 59, North Howard Street,

WE'call the attention of purchasers to our mag-NEW SPRING DRY GOODS. Foreign and Domestic, We keep in all our ifferent departments a full stock, such as DRESS GOODS of all the latest designs, a full assortment of Linens and Housekeeping articles, also a splendid variety of Fancy Dress tilks of the latest importa-tions. Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres, all kinds of Domestic Goods, etc.

Our second story is fitted up for 1 Mantilla, Cloak, Shawl and Hoop Skirt room, where all the novelties of the season may be found. All of which cods we are selling cheap for Cash.

STEPHEN L. BIRD & CO. February 13, 1866-1y PATTERSON BAYNE. Late of Bayne & Co... Late of Gray, Miller Alex., Va., recently of & Co., Alexandria, Va. Lynchburg, Va

BALTIMORE, February 1st., 18°6.

HAVING associated ourselves for the transaction of a

GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, We beg to tender you our best sorvices for the sale of all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, and the pur-chasing of every kind of MERCHANDISE. We chasing of every kind of MERCHANDISE. We invite orders for the best PERUYIAN GU NO AND FERTILIZERS of the most approved brands. GROUND AND LUMP PLASTER, GROCERIES. FISH, SALT, FLOUR, &c. &c.

Respectfully, your obd't Servants,
BAYNE, MILLER & CO. No. 60, German St., bet. Howard & Eutaw. WALT. S. MOORE' DAV. LYNN, A. SINCLAIR

Late of Va. Late of Va. Late of Va. WALTER S. MOORE & CO., MANUFACTURERS AGENTS AND IMPORTERS

ENGLISH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN HARDWARE!

CO-PARTNERSHIP. BALTIMORE, FYBRUARY 12, 1866. THE undersigned have this day formed a Co-TRIEBER, BEALL & CO.,

No. 26, South Charles Street, Baltimore.

for the purpose of conducting a general Wholesale and Commission Hardware Business at No. 34, Hanover Street. M. TREIBER. THOMAS B. BEALL, JOHN G. TREIBER, Importers of Foreign and Dealers in AMERICAN HARDWARE

WE shall always keep on hand a full assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Shears, Files, Chissels, Plane Irons, Bench and Moulding Planes, Augers and Auger Bitts, Braces and Bitts, Boxwood Rules. Iron and Steel Squares, Spirit Levels, Disston's and Spear and Jacks m's Saws Tape Lines, Coopers, Carpenters and Blacksmiths Tools, Broad and Hand Axes, Adzes, Draw Knives' Callinners, Dividers, Compasses, Halchets, Axes, Callippers, Dividers, Compasses, Hatchets, Axes, Hammers, Anvils, Vises. Stock and Dies, Bellaws, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Hoes, Butts, Strap and T Hinges Also, a full stock of Locks, Screws, Shovels and Tongs, Cotton. Wool and Horse Cards, Curry Combs, etc., to all of which we invite the attention of our friends, TRIEBER BEALL & CO.

DRIED PEACHES and APPLES, and Fresh HONEY-very nice, for sale by Feb. 20 H. L. HEISKELL.

PLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS, Anvils, Stocksand Dies, Viscs and Sledges, for sale by D. HUMPHREYS & CO. DLAIN AND FANCY CASSIMERS received by D. HOWELL

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

CLARKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA. THIS FARM, which contains THREE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES of first quality I AND SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES of first quality LIMESTONE LAND, lies immediately on the Turnpixe Road leading from Winchester to Front Royal and is desirably located in every respect being convenient to churches, schools and mills.—
The improvements on the land are inferior, but there is an abundance of

EXCELLENT TIMBER, consisting of Black Oak, White Oak and Hickory.
A large and never failing POND, supplies all the water that is needed for the stock on the Farm.
The owner of this farm desires to dispose of it only because he has more land than he can cultivate, under the present deranged system of labor.
He will take FIFTY DOLLARS per acre for the entire tract, and the terms will be made accommodating dating.
For further information, aprily to, or address the Editor of the SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.
Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va. }
January 23, 1866—tf.

Public sale.

WILL be soll at the residence of John L. Craig-nill, on the Shenandoah River, near Willis' Brick Mill, On Wednesday, March 21st, 1866, (if fair, if not. the next fair day,)

Bed teads, Bureaus, Washstands; Sideboard, Sofa, Chairs, Carpeting; Oil Cloth, Mattrasses, China Ware, &c.; One handsome Parlor Grate, (nearly new) One Egg Stove, One Ten Plate Stove, One Chamber Coal or Wood Stove, together with the usual furniture in a farmer's kitchen in-

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Two Cooking Stoves and Utensils; : 1599 pounds of Bacon, Two hundred pounds of Lard,
Thirty hushels of Potatoes, and a lot of seed do.
Dried Apples, Navy Beans, Cider Vinegar, Hard
Soap, &c.
One Washing Machine, Quilting Frame, and

Clothes Rack.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS: One Four-horse Wagon and Bed, One low Wagon and Bed,

2 Barshear Ploughs, 2 Single Shovel do.,

Four Double Shovel Ploughs, 2 Harrows;

Two Corn Coverers, One Wheat Fan,

One Wheat Screen, One pair Wheat Ladders, Gears for Five Horses, Two Utowbars, Two Drills, One Stone Sledge, 2 Shovels,

Two new Spades, Three Picks, One Log Chain, One Fifth Chain, Grain Cradles, ONE CARRIAGE, Three sets of Harness, a lot of Bogs, Two Hay Rakes,—one a revolver, One Cutting Box, Blacksmiths' Tools, Four No. 1 Stands of Bees, CORN by the barrel.

STOCK: Four Work Horses,-two of them barshear leaders; One three-year old Colt.

Thirty Hog., Twenty one head of Sheep with
Lambs, One No. 1 · oke of Oxen;

Five head of No. 1 Milch Cov. s,—2 fresh; Fight cead of Young Cartle.

TERMS OF SALE. A credit of twelve months will be given for all sums over ten dollars, the purchaser giving bond and approved security. All sums of ten dollars and under, the cash will be required, If the notes are not paid when due, interest will be charged from the day of sale. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

JOHN L. CRAIGHILL. March 6, 1866.

PUBLIC SALE. LI AVING rented my farm, I will sell at my resi Tuesday, the 20th day of March next, all my STOCK and FARMING IMPLEMENTS, 5 head of Horses, two of which are Brood Mares;

3 Mules, well broke and gentle; 2 fresh Milch Cows; 8 head Stock Cattle; 47 Ewes, Lambs running with them; 2 Sows and Pigs; 25 Shoats; 2 Sows and Pigs; 25 Shoats;
1 Willoughby Drill, new;
1 Page (caper, nearly new;
1 Cross-Cut Saw;
1 two-horse Carriage and Harness;
2 Farm Wagons, 1 Roller, Hav Ladders;
Wagon Bed, Wheat Fan, Corn Sheller; Barshear, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs; Wagon and Plough Gears, Log and Fifth Chain; Forks, Rakes, Grain Cradles, Shovels.

Mattocks, &c. 300 BUSHELS OF CORN and 5 BARRELS OF POTATOES. FERMS OF SALE. —A credit of six months will be given on all sums over Ten Dollars, the purchaser giving bond and approved security. Sums of Ten Dollars and less. Cash. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with. JAMES LOGIE.

March-13, 1866-ts. PUBLIC SALE:

HAVING rented out my Farm, I will sell to the highest bid de, On Thursday, March 22, 1866, At my residence, three miles from Charlestown,

on the road leading from Charlestown to Leetown, STOCK AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS consisti. g in part of
3 head of good Horses, two of which are Brood

10 head of Young Cattle and Cows, Some Stock Hogs and Sows, 3 Farm Wagons,
1 Wheat Fan—good as new,
1 McCormick Plough,
Double and Single Shovel Ploughs,
1 Corn Coverer, Harrows, 2 pair Grain Shelvins, 2 pair Wood Ladders, Double and Single Trees, Wagon and Plough Gears, About Fifty Acres of Wheat in the Ground, 150 Barrels of CORN

140 Bushels of Seen Oats.

TERMS OF SALE: A credit of Nine months will be given on all sums over Twenty (\$20) Dollars, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; all sums of Twenty (\$20) Dollars and under, the cash will be required. If the notes are not paid when due, in-terest will be charged from the day of sale. No property to be removed until the terms are com-plied with

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock

CATHERINE G. DANIEL.

TO FARMERS. IN GRDER to meet the wants of the Farmers of this County, I will from this date take all kinds of Grain and Produce at the highest market price in exchange for Goods. I guarantee to all that the Goods shall be sold at the very Lowest CASH Price.

Dec. 12, 1865.

H. L. HEISKELL. NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

UST received Bleached and Brown Cotton ; Spring Balmorals; Hoop Skirts, new styles; Geutlemen and Ladies Paper Cohars; Corsets, Hair Brushes, Fine Lish Linen; White Flannel;
These goods were bought at reduced prices and will be sold correspondingly low.

D. HOWELL.

JUST RECEIVED. BROWN and Crushed Sugars, Rio Coffee;
Prime Cheese; Fresh Garden Seeds;
Extra Early Peas; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, which will be sold low by
February 13.
D HOWELL.

TO THE PUBLIC. W. W. BURTON, HAS established himself in Charlestown, and is pre-ared to repair WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c.. at short notice, upon rea-

sonable terms, and in a substantial manner.
On hand a fine, large stock of SPECTACLES,
EYE GLASSES, sc., of superior quality.
November 7, 1865. MILLINERY! MISS JULIA, assisted by a competent Millistyle of BONNETS and HAIS. Also, to Bleach. Press and Alter all kinds of Bonnets and Hats, at shortest notice. The latest styles of MILLINERY

GOODS constantly on hand J GOLDSMITH, FOR LADIES.—We have just received, Spira (or one) Spring Hoop Skirts, made of one piece of steel, without extension in front These extres are entirely new in their construction in several respects are more handsoms and far more durable than those heretofore sold. Some extra large for dresses with trails. Orders taken for extra sizes.

KEARSLEY & SHEKREB. Feb 27, 1866

"L' IQUID RENNET." For preparing, in a few moments, delicious Deserts, as Slips or Curd and Whey, Cold Custard and Jelly. For AISQUITH & BRO.

A ND you will find at J. H. Easterday & Bro.'s A good empty 5 and 10 gallon Kegs, and also Barrels. Call and you will get them cheap. LOOK AND SEE! Dec. 12, 1865.

PIANO FORTUS.

CHARLES M. STEIFY, at MANUFACTURER of GRAND and SQUARE
MANUFACTURER of GRAND and SQUARE
Manufacture of Grand and Salam
den street, near Howard. Ware-room No 7 North
Liberty street, above Market, Baltimore, Md.,
Has constantly on hand a large number of Pianos
of his own manufacture, with full fron Frame and
over strung. Every Instrument warranted for five
years, with the privilege of exchange within twelve
months if not entirely satisfactory to the purchasers.

SECOND HAND PLANOS always on hand—1550 to \$300. Melod ans and Parlor Organs from the heat makers.

We have permissive to refer to the following persons who have our Banas in use; D. S. Rentch, William Rush, W. G. Butler, Richard C Williams, in Jefferson cone ty; and Benjamin Harrison James E Convenigham, S. O. Ooutlingham, Jacob Sibert, Benjamin Speck, Anglew howman, George Hoke, Lemuel Campbell and others in Berkeley County. 05-All orders lett with P. H. Strode, Shepherds own, will be promptly attended to.
Feb 13, 1866 -19

A. D. NICELY. CHARLES A. NICELY. WITH

HARRY C. NICELY.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 34 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. WHFRE HATS, CAPS, &c , ARE RETAILED

AT WHOLESALE PRICES. AJ-GIVE US A CALL. - CA

Pancatharticonized

Old Rye Whiskey. DEFECATED or Depurated for medical or social uses, by the "PANCATHARTICON," invented and

patented June 17, 1852, by JOHN E. WILSON, Baltimore, Md., in Barrels, Demijohns, Bottles, &c. For sale by the Agent, on the Northwest corner of Howard and Camden streets nearly opposite Camden Station of Baltimore and Ohis Railroad. 65 None genuine that has not the Patentee and Agent's signature on

JOHN E. WILSON. 15-lts purity has heen fully tested as per the an-nexed certificates of analysis:

CERTIFICATES. From a careful Chemical Analysis of Supe rior Old Rye Whiskey, Pancatharti-conized by JOHN E. WILSON, of Baltimore.

Of This Whiskey is characterized by the absence of heavy Fusil Oil, Sugar and Poisonous Metalic compounds, and by retaining its ethercal oderous oil untainted. It has the chemical composition of a pure, carefully defecated Rye Whiskey.
Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
State Assayer, 16 Boylston street.
Boston, Mass., 23d August, 1862. Having made a careful chemical analysis of the

Pancatharticonized Old Rye Whiskey of Mr John E. Wilson, Baltimore, am pleased to state that it is entirely free from Fusil Oil, Metalic Salts, or other matters in any way detrimental to health. In aroma, richness and delicacy of flavor, it cannot be Respectfully yours, G. A. LEIBIG, Analytical Chemist. surpaesed. Baltimore, July 26, 1862.

Careful chemical analysis of four kinds of Whiskey-Superior Old Rye Whiskey, Superior Old Bourbon Whiskey, Superior Old Wheat Whiskey, Superior Old Corn Whiskey-Pancatharticonized by neans of the patent apparatus invented by John E. Wilson, of Baltimore, Md., have shown them to be entirely free from the heavy Fusil Oils and from the p isonous metalic compounds of en found in Whiskeys.

They retain the Ethereal Products, entirely free

are now prepared to receive applications and issue Policies on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, &c.

All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. from any TAINT produced by injured grain, or careless fermentation, and being upmodified by the use of sugar, are remarkably pure products of delicate chemical operations.

Respectfully,

A.A. HAYES, M. D.,

State Assayer, 18 Boylston street, Boston, Mass., 28d August, 1862. OF ORDERS SOLICITED -- CO Dealers and Druggists allowed a liberal dis count For prices and particulars address sulc Agent of the United States JOHN E. WILSON, W. Corner Howard & Camden streets,

BALTIMORE, NOV 7, 1865, BURNS, WEST & CO., IMPORTERS

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, 61 Exchange Place, Lo voard str., BALTIMORE, Md. F. Bunns, Jr., Late of W. Ison and Burns,

GEO. P. WEST, Late of C. West and Son. WILLIAM T. PITT. WHEAT'S MAIL STAGE LEAVES Berryville, Daily (Sundays excepted)

arriving in Charlestown in time to connect
with the train for Harper's Ferry, and all parts EAST and WEST. Returning—Leaves Charlestown after the arrival of the Cars, arriving in Berryville at 5 o'clock P M. Passengers by this line will be carried to any part of Clarke county without trouble or inconvenience to themselves.

o themselves. February 13, 1866-tf. HALLTOWN

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING HOUSE. EVERY VARIETY OF

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE. Hardware, Woodenware Liquors, Leather, &c., kept and for sale for CASH, or exchange for COUNTRY PROCUCE.

WHEAT, RYE, OATS. CORN, BUTTER, EGGS, WOOL AND HIDES,

bought for CASH, or in exchange for GOODS, at highest market price.

LUMBER. We are also receiving large lots of prime Lumber, Lime, Laths, Shingles, &c., which we can sell cheap to builders. We can furnish bills on short notice direct from the mills of S. R. CLARK.— Wheat, Corn, Rye and Hay, received and forwarded to responsible houses. JOHN H. STRIDER.

NOVEMBER 7, 1865. To The Public. THE undersigned has just returned from Balti more with a large and splendid assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS, AVE just received the following, in part, of a large and complete stock for the Holidays; which we would invite our friends and the public to PERFUMERIEStermine before purchasing clsewhere, as we are determined to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the Valley, for CASH or BARTER.

in the Valley, for CASH or BARTER.

All we ask is an examination of our Stock, where you will find a general assortment of Dry Goods, consisting of Ladies' Dress Material, of latest styres, with Trimmings, Gentlemen's Wear of every description, Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hata and Capa, Notions, &c.

Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Hollow-ware Wooden ware, and Tin ware, Leather and Shoe; Findings, Saddles, Bridles, College, Hames and Traces. Traces.

GROCERIFS of every description—Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Fish and Salt.

BRANDIES and WPISKEYS, best Brands of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars and Spuff. Iron, Horse Shoe Iron, Nail Rods, Horse Shoes and Nails, All of the above articles to be had at the Rippon Store. The highest market price paid for Country Produce of every description.

GFORGE W. LEISENRING & Co.

NOVEMBER 7. 1865 SELLING OFF POSITIVELY AT COST. for cash. INTENDING to leave Duffield's, we now offer our stock of goods at Cost for Cash or Produce of any kind. Our Stock consists of DRY GOODS,

OODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TINWARE, WOODENWARE, GLASS and QUEENSWARE, and a general variety of goods. We offer great inducements to persons wanting goods at low prices; We are determined to sell.

HILLEARY & JOHNSON.

WE have just received a fine assortment of as styles of Fancy and Common Pipes, Ciga Cases, Snuff Boxes, Tobacco Bags, Cigar Tubes & c., which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

March 6.

J. H. HAINES & BRO. TUST received, Ladics' and Gentl men's Scarfs very nice. D. HOWELL.

Duffields, Va., Feb. 21.-6t-F. P copy.

THE MARYIAND

A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P OF BALTIMORE. Policy Holders Participate in the Profits.

Lowest Rates of Best Companies. THE Charter of this Company regulars a de-posit of not less than \$100,000 with the Trias-urer of the State, as a guarantee of faith with the This Company is prepared to issue orethan, life policies for a 'erm of years, and ten years and orfeiture life policies.

Also, Policies of Endowment, Annuity, &c.

OFFICERS: GEORGE P. THOMAS, PARSIDENT. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: HAMILTON EASTER, of Hamilton Easter & GaALLEN A. CHAPMAS, of Kirkland, Chase & OaGEO. P THOMAS, of Heim, Nicodemus & Co.
HUGHI SISSUN, Stram Marbe Works
HIRAM WOODS, Jr., of Dougherty, Woods & Co.
GEO H MILLER, of Coffroth, Miller & Co.
THOMAS CASSARD, of Gilbert Cassard & Co.
WILLIAM DEVELES, of W. D. Devries & Co.
CHARLES WEBB, of Thomas & Co.

DR. J. A. STRAITH, Medical Examiner for Jefferson County.

13-No charge for Policies, Stamps or Medical Examination. For tables of Rates, &c., apply to the office of the Company, 15 South atrest, over Franklin Bank, or to

E. M. AISQUITH, Agent, Nov. 7, 1865.

Charlestown, Va-

THE WASHINGTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF BALTIMORE, IL TEAS No 31, South Street, over Third National Bank THIS Company insures Buildings, Merchandize, Personal Property generally, Vesselain Port, &c., against loss or damage by Fire, on the most favorable terms. All losses will be immediately adjusted and promptly paid,

THOMAS Y. CANBY, of Canby, Gilpin & Co, WM. WHITELOCK, Pres't 3d National Bank.
Q. A. Parker, of E. L. Parker & Co,
W. H. Crawford & Co,
P. S. Chappell, Manufacturing Chemist.
G. H. Resse, of G. H. Reese & Bros.
J. D. Mason, of J. D. Mason & Co.
J. Tome, President of the Cecil Bank.
J. S. Beacham, of J. S. Heacham & Bro.
J. F. Dix, of Dix & Steiner.
J. Leary, of J. Leary & Co.
A. A. Perry, of J. Leary & Co.
A. A. Perry, of Tucker & Smith.
R. M. Spiller, of Spiller & Alcock,
E. Kinseely, of Kimberly Bros.
J. Haatman. South Gay street.
S. P. Townsend, of Wm Chemut & Co.
B. F. Pablett, of B. F. Parlett & Co.
J. S. Forbes, Builder. DIRECTORS:

J. S. FORBES, Builder. C. W. Humrickhouse, of C. W. Humrickhouse FRANCIS J. McGinnie, Sec'y.

E. M. AISQUITH, Agent at Charlestown.

Nov. 14, 1865.—1y. INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE

VALLEY OF VIRGINIA, CHARTERED CAPITAL ..... \$300,000. ASSETS....\$175,000. THIS Company has resumed business in Winchester, at the new office on Water Street, formerly occupied by R. Y Conrad, Esq., as a Law Office, and

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH S. CARSON, Pre i en JOHN KERR.

ROBT. STEELE,

WM. B. BAKER,

E. M. AISQUITH, Agent.

November 14, 1865.

Charlestown, Va.

Dr. W. F. ALEXANDER

OFFERS his Professional Services to the citi-zens of the neighborhood of Duffield's Depot Jefferson county.

Of OFFICE AT MR. HILLERY'S HOUSE.

November 7, 1865. THE LIFE OF CAPTAIN JOHN YATES BEALL,

WITH his Diary and Trial, is now for sale by CAMPBELL & MASON.
Charlestown, March 6, 1866. LAST NOTICE. A LL persons indebted to the late firm of BRINA TON & GRIFFITH, are notified that the books
and notes will be in the hands of Hilleary & Johnson for collection, until the 15th of March, which
if not paid or closed by note by that date, no further favor need be expected.

WM. P. BRINTON.

Duffield's, Va., Feb. 20, 1866—1m.

PHOTOGRAPHS: A. J SMITH would respectfully amounce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Charlestown and vicinity, that he has just completed a New Skylight Gallery on Main street opposite the Carter House, where he is prepared to execute every STYLE OF PICTURE known to the art. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance
Old Daguerr cotypes and other pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired, and finished in a manner to make them as good as if taken from life.

Rosewood and Gilt Frames made to order.

The Public are cordially invited to call and ex-

Charlestown, Va., Feb. 6, 1866.—3m TO ALL CONCERNED.

FROM this time henceforth it will be absolutely impossible for me to open accounts with any person except such as have been prompt to meet their engagements. Cash is required from me by all merchants from whom I purchase my goods; and to carry on my business I must require Cash from my own customers.

All persons who know themselves indebted to me are earnestly requested to call and settle their accounts. When money is not to be had, I will take produce of all kinds.

H. LEE HEISKELL:

Nov. 28, 1869. F. P. COPP.

JUST received and for sale, at the lowest market price, a fine assortment of LADIES' CLOAKS. Ladies are respectfully invited to examine the melore purchasing elsewhere. Also, the latest style of WORSTED GOODS, consisting in part of Shawis, Breakfast Capes, Ladies' and Children's Hoods, Clouds and Jackets. Gents' and Boys' Scarfs. A fine assortment of Gloves.

Dec. 19. J. GOLDSMITH. AISQUITH & BRO.

an admirably selected varicty- such as
Colognes, Extracts, Night Blooming Cereus, Patchoult, New Mown Hay, &c. POMADES, SOAPS, & C.—
Hawley's Dental Cream, Tooth Paste, Oleste o Cocca, for the Hair. Shaving Cream, Lip Salve, Potade, Philocome, White Pond Lilly; Glycerine, Boquet, Poncine Brown Windser, Almosd Palm Honey, Bath, and other Soaps. BRUSHES-BRUSHES—
Hair, Tooth, Flesh, and Nail Brushis, of the best mase, as the awast and prettiest finish. Toilet and Pocket Combs. Port Polios, Pocket Books, Pens, Pensils, and a fine assortment of Stationery.

FRENCH CANDIES, GUM DROPS, & C. These with many other things have been brought from the city Bazans with a view to supply the Christmas demand. Call and examine Dec. 19, 1865. UST RECEIVED -A large stock of Segars, and Moccoboz Snuffs, which we are selling chean for cash.

ASQUITE & BRO.

Jan. 23. LOOK! JUST received and for sale very cheap, a fine as-

SMITH'S GALLERY, Charlestown, March 6 .- 11. CAMPBELL'S PECTORAL SYRUP—A remedy for the cure of coughs, calds, group, haracees soreness of the throat, and other affections of the pulmonary organs. Prepared and sold by CAMPBELL & MASON.

OODEN WARE—Tubs, Buckets, Bowls and Trays, and Brooms, for sale by CHARLES JOHNSON. JUST Received Early Cabbage and Tomato Red

VV ANTED.—All kinds of Grain and Produce in exchange for Goods, by

THE RANSOMED. BY GENERAL WILLIAM T. BASKELL.

I'm adrift on Life's ocean, and wildly I sweep.
Aimless and belmless, its fathomless deep;
The wild winds assail me, it threateningly storms The clouds roll around me in hideous forms.

drift to a lee shore! I strike! am aground! The mad waters whelm me-I drown, oh! I drown Mercy! oh, mercy! Oh, Lord, set me lree!

And take me, oh, take me, to Heaven and Thee.

I wander Lite's desert—lone, desolate, sad,
Paint, reeling, and weary—I'm mad! oh, I'm mad!
No glad waters meet me, no streams flowing free!
I perish! I perish! oh, God, set me free!
Ah! hopeless I pray Thee, 'tis inde and vain;
I perish! I perish! Rain! rain—give me rain—
Let the stream of Deliverance flow g ntly to me,
And drift me, oh! drift me, to Heaven and Thee.

Mid the wranglings of men and their conflicts so fierce,
Half mad and despairing, my lips spit a curse,
Instead of Imploring a Refuge and Peace,
From Life's mad'ning battle, for Hope and Release;
I bear on defiantly, proud, reckless, unblauched
At the dangers that hem me. The curses I launched
At Earth and Heaven, Lord! mercy for me! Receive me! receive me, to Heaven and Thee!

But the storm howle no longer, the desert is gone. The battle's fierce strife no more hurries me on; The tempests no more lash the ocean's calm breast, and the clouds float in beauty afar to the west. I move through Life's bowers full of bliss and of love, Looking foudly to earth and with transport above; And an angel soft whispers, "The Lord sets thee free To come to me! Come to me—dwell here with me,"

I thank Thee, sh Lord! that my raving career
Was checked by the hand of Omnipotence, here,
That struck from its jarred equilibrium, the mind,
Whose balance, my madness and folly combined,
Had periled fore'er in my earthly career,
While night's thickening darkness encompassed

me here,
And my sad soul is ransomed, unprisor ed and freeI am coming, oh Lord! I bow gently to Thee.

Joy! joy! Oh! anguish and sorrow no more
Shall lead me, its victim, on Life's cruml ling shore;
The winds waft me gently, I perish no more;
I thirst not—the war of Life's struggle is o'er; Hope beckons me on with its weet, whisp'ring tale, To walk through, all hopefully, Life's pleasant vale, And I come to Thee, Lord, unimprisoned and free, And I bless Thee! ah, bless Thee; for mercy to me.

#### Miscellaneous.

Advice to Young Men.

Young man are you looking for a wife ?-If so keep your ears and eyes wide open or you may be wofully deceived. A pretty face and graceful figure are very attractive and desirable, if the mind and disposition but the bright side. Before you commit yourself fully, use strategy to ascertain her every day disposition and temper She may be just opposite to what she appears. By all means, find out if she is affectionate and thoughtful as daughter and sister. If she fills these two offices well, you may have very little fear in trusting your happiness into her keeping .-But the young lady who sits in the parlor with white hands and taper fingers, amusing her idle visitors, or reading trashy novels, while her delicate, and perhaps aged mother is doing all the drudgery of a large family, shun as you would a viper, for it is a rare instance that you will find a disobedient daughter or neglectful sister make a good

If she speak lightly of religion, view her with distrustful eyes, for she will surely not be a suitable person to guide and direct your children in the path of duty.

Assure yourself that she is not a coquette. If she is, your time will be worse than thrown away in trying to gain what she does not pos-sess—a heart. Take the advice of one who has seen much, and do not try the experiment, or you may find, when too late, you have made a mistake of a life-time. In conclusion, let me say, if you hope ever

to possess the richest boon that can be bestowed by Heaven—the undivided affection of a true woman-strive every day of your life to become worthy of her; or you never deserve to get her, and I hope you never may, for it is a sad sight to see a couple unyoked-one pulling at one end of the rope, and the other at the opposite end, without any congeniality of thought or feeling. Heaven forbid that such may be the fate of any whose eyes may rest upon these few hints, that have been given with the earnest hope that they may be of profit to some thoughtless and credulous young person.

## WHAT IS FAITH?

I imprinted on my daughter the idea of faith at a very early age. She was playing one day with a few beads which seemed to delight her wonderfully. Her whole soul was absorbed in her beads. I said: "My dear, you have some pretty beads

"Yes, papa." "And you seem to be vastly pleased with them. Well, now, throw them behind the fre."

The tears started into her eyes. She looked earnestly at me, as though she ought to have a reason for such a cruel sacrifice. "Well, my dear do as you please; but you

know I never told you anything which I did not think would be good for you." She looked at me a few moments longer, and then summoning all her fortitude, her

breast heaving with the effort, she dashed them into the fire. "Well," said I, "there let them die; you shall hear about them at another time; but I

say no more about them now." Some days after, I bought a box full of large beads and toys of the same kind. When I returned home I opened the treasure and set it before her. She burst into tears with

These, my child, are yours, because you believed me when I told Tou it would be better for you to throw those two or three paltry beads behind the fire. Now that has brought you this treasure. But now, my dear, remember as long as you live what faith but the fall, during the last week, was without any exercise of his power over the market. No gold has exercise of his power over the market. No gold has is. I did all this to teach you the meaning exercise of his power over the market. No gold has been sold by the Treasury for a week past; though, f faith. You threw your beads away when I bid you, because you had faith in me that Laeyer advised you but for your good. Put the same confidence in God. Believe every thing He says in His word. Whether you understand it or not, have faith in Him that He means it for your good."—Cecil.

THE LETT WHAT SENATOR WILSON THOUGHT IN 1855 .- Hen, - ty Wilson, of Massachusetts, is now one of the leaders of the consolidation faction. In 1855, in a

speech in the Senate, he said: A recognize the Democratic doctrines of State dresognize the Democratic doctrines of State rights, in its application to slavery, as well as to other local affairs, and while I have a seat in this chamber I shall resist all attempts to encroach upon the reserved rights of the sorreign States of the Union. I will stand side by side with my Democratic friends in vindication of the Virginia and Kentucky resolutions of 1708 and 1709, which they endorsed at faltimore in 1852. the reserved rights of the zorveign States of the Un-ion. I will stand side by side with my Democratic friends in vindication of the Virginia and Kentucky

Military Commissions.

In the Supreme Court of the United Black, of Pennsylvania, (Attorney General, under President Buchanau,) delivered an argument on the subject of Military Commissions, which was styled by the leading lawyers there the greatest effort of his life. He gave a history of the birth and struggles of trial by jury, and in speaking of the nature of Military Commissions said-"they simply signify the right of an Executive, irrespective of the judicial power, to capture, imprison and kill any person to whom the dovernment or any of its dependents may see proper to impute an offence, and the power to choose a Court that will do their bidding. This power is lawless and despotic. It has been exercised in some form or other ever since the days of Nimrod, under various shapes and disguises. Under the French Monarchy it was executed by means of 'lettre de Cachet;' in Russia by an imperial ukase; in Turkey a verbal order from the Sultan causes a man to be tied into a sack and thrown into the Bosphorus. Herod sent his Provost Marshals to kill all the children in Bethlehem and spread mourning over all the land in one night. Macbeth organized a Commission upon Banjuo, and that Commission sat upon him the same night at a convenient place beside the road where it was known he would pass, and the Commission did precisely what the Attorney General says a Commission may do here with an American citizen: that is, they killed him. When Lola Montez was Minister and mistress of the King of Bavaria, she had another mode of dealing with those who thwarted her Government, but substantially the same; she bought herself a pack of English bull-dogs, and with these at her heels she marched up and down the streets of Munich, with a sense of power which any Judge Advocate in America might envy." Mr. Black also remarked that no witness was ever punished for perjury committed before a Military Commission, for the Government protected and employed them "The power of such tribunals in the hands of an Executive, backed by a raving crowd or a malignant priesthood, is to be dreaded. Why, it is the French Revolution and the Polish combined. Every bright name in history was linked with resistance to such despotic

> ence.-Richmond Enquirer. Becoming a Medium. The fascinating spiritual rappings are without doubt gaining strength among us, and some very luderious incidents often grow out of them at times

> use of illegitimate power, and none excused

it or used it but a beast, who fattened on the

garbage and offal thrown by its masters."

The Court was still, very still, and not even

Erskine or Burke impeaching Warren Hast-

ings were listened to with more awe and rever-

as well as more serious and deplorable ones. A few nights since, within this week, a young male friend of ours who from a sneering sceptic, had become a devout believer, retired to rest, after havcorrespond. In the parlor and from home ing his nervous system partially destroyed with the she may be all your "fancy painted fully;" but look well to it, you may be seeing only that he would become a powerful medium. He was the height side. Refere you commit was seeing only in his first com or table success when a clicking noise in the direction of the door awoke him. He listens ed intently; the noise was still going on-very like the raps of the spirit on the table indeed!

·Who's there?' There was no answer, and the noise stopped. 'Anybody there?'

'No' was the answer. 'It must have been a spirit,' he said to himself.
'It must be a medium. I it try. [Aloud] If there is a spirit in the room, it will signify the same by saysing 'aye'—no, that's not what I mean. If there is a spirit in the room, will please to rap three times?" Three distinct raps were given in the direction of

'Is it the spirit of my sister?' No auswer. 'Is it the spirit of my mother?' Three taps.

'Are you happy?' Nine taps. Do you want anything?" A succession of very loud raps. Wile you give me a communication if I get up?

'Shall I hear from you to-morrow?' Raps very loud again; this time in the direction of the door. He waited long for an answer to his last question, but none came. The spirit had gone; and atter thicking on the extraordinary visit, he turned over and tell askep.

On getting up in the morning he found that the spirit of his mother had carried off his watch and purse, his pants down into the hall, and his great coat off altogether.

MEXICAN EMIGRATION

As the Mexican emigration fever is raging with great virulence throughout the South, and threatens to become an epidemic, we think it only proper to publish in our columns such information on the subject as we can obtain. Many of our high-spirited young men desire to fly somewhere no matters where-to escape the evils which surround them. and eagerly embrace toy proposal, and listen to any story which promises them deliverance. Many othem, however, who have no money are inoculated with the belief that such is the anxiety of Maximilian to induce Southern emigration that he, in addi-tion to large grants of land, will furnish a free pas sage to Vera Cr z to all unable to pay their own expenses. Impressed with this erroneous idea, and misled by the statements of persons in our midst who are either interested, or equal y credulous, several of our young men have gone to New York, expecting there to find an emigration agent by the name of J. Hobart Robert, who would turnish them with a free passage to Mexico; and some of them spent their last dollar in reaching that city. only to discover too late that they had been duped The following letter from an officer in the late Confederate army will explain itself, and will, we trust, put our young men upon their guard:

LOVEJOY'S HOTEL, NEW YORK, March 3, 1866. Dear Sir;—I have inquired throughout the entire city, and find that there is no office here for sends ing emigrants to Mexico free of cost. There are emigration offices in abundance, but the agents charge \$100 in gold for a passage to Vera Cruz, and \$7 for a passage from thence to Cordova. A Mr Russell here says the fare may be reduced, but will not even cost less than \$75, exclusive of meals, so you may itell all who inquire about transportation that they cannot get it. Mr. Russell and the French and Mexican Consuls here, say that Maximilian offers sufficient inducements to emigrants in the low price at which he sells them land, without adding

I shall sail on Tue-day morning, and when I reach Cordova will tell you more about it. The regular packets, which lie at pier No. 3, North river, sail on the 8th and 23d of each month, but I go on one which leaves sooner and does not make regular trips. When I reach my destination, I can tell you more about what it costs and how I fared.

Yours, &c., We suppress the names in the above private letter, but they can be furnished if desired. Meanwhile, however, we would advise our young men to remember the good old adage and "look before they leap"—Rich. Enquirer.

during the previous week, the sum of twelve mil-

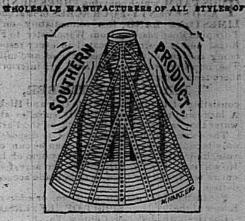
lions was put into the market. The Treasury, still commands a large amount of gold.

The maintainance of the high prices of living is explained in the theory that an increased demand since the war has occasioned a temporary scarcity which will be relieved when the hundreds of thousands of men, lately in arms, and large consumers, become producers. and the vast current of immigration brings daily accessions to our means of pro-

In reference to the matter further the Intelligencer Some business men anticipate a general decline of prices, and, as a consequence of it, a contraction of bank loans, which will tall with severity upon bank

BALTIMORE CARDS.

MEIERHOF & GOLDMAN,



NO. 37, N. HOWARD ST., BALTIMORE. DOUBLE AND SINGLE GORE TRAIL

QUAKER, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SKIRTS. Orders from the Country will be prompt'y filled. February 13, 1866—19 J. P. HARTMAN, W. H. HARTMAN. J. P. HARTMAN & SON,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. 197 Balt more St. Baltimor .

LATEST PARIS AND LONDON STYLES SHIRTS made to erder, and ready-made; Silk, Cotton and Merino Underwear; Linen, Steel and Paper Collars; Hosiery, Gloves,

Scarfs, Ties and Handkerchiefs. Ph. Courvoisier's Paris Kid Gloves. THE PLEDGE.

BY THE BARD OF MARBLE HALL: In Baltimore, famed for ladies fair, Lived a beaut ful girl with flaxen hair, And bonny blue eyes with liquid light, And roscate lips, a glorious sight.

The youngsters fell in love by dozens. Frierds and acquaintances, strangers and cous But she a crotchet had got in her head, And said she determined never to wed,

Until she loved a handsome youth Who would grant all her requests in truth, And bind him fully never to break The pledge he had taken for her sake.

The young men stood aghast with fear; Some whacked their boots, some pulled their hair; Some said 'twas religion, some said 'twas money; But it took them aback and they felt quite funny.

Among them there was a fine young man; Says he, 'I love her as well as I can, Now I'll make her the promise, both open and free, And agree to stand by it whatever it be." The fair one stepped up to his side, And said, "Should I now be your bride, You must promise here before us all,

No other can suit a husband of mine. The coats are so handsome, the pants divine."
Says Johnny, a laughing, "You dear little elf.
If you like them so well, get a pair for yourself.

We ofter unusual inducement in all kinds of Clothing and Furnishing Goods, together with a superior line of piece goods for custom work. Boys Clothing a special feature.

SMITH, BROS. & CO.,
Clothiers and Merchant Tailors,
38 and 40 West Baltimore street.

HOUGH. J. G. RIDENOUR. N. R. LANGDON HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON. COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Dec. 12, 1865.-1y.

FOR THE SALE OF GRAIN, FLOUR, SEEDS, PORK, BACON LARD, COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE, WOOL. LEATHER, FEATHERS, ROSIN, TAR, TURPENTINE, GINSENG, BUTTER

EGGS, &c , &c., No. 124, SOUTH EUTAW STREET (Opppsite B. & O. R. R. Depot.) BALTIMORE.

REFERENCES: Hopkins, Harnden & Kemp, Baltimore. Canby, Gilpin & Co . Brooks, Fahnestock & Co. H. K. Hoffman & Co. do. C. W. Button, Editor Lynchburg Virginian. Dr. Jos. E. Cagett, Richmond, Va.

N. B. Parties in the country was have soot in ERN BANK FUNDS, can have them disposed of to their advantage, if they will send them to us by Express or otherwise. Our charge, a small commission H., R. & L. N. B. Parties in the country who have SOUTH

THOMAS McCORMICK & BRO.

Baltimore, Dec'r 19, 1865.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

149 BALTIMORE STREET, CORNER OF CALVERT, BALTIMORE, MD., CORNER OF FOURTEENTH & FRANKLIN STREETS, RICHMOND, VA. HAVE on hand at both Cities, and are prepared to furnish CLOTHING, of Superior Quality, at very Low Rates, for LASH. A large assortment of

VERY FINE GOODS. CONSTANTLY ON HAND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. IN GREAT VARIETY.

FURNITURE AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. S. STEVENS & SON,

EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS

OF CABINET FURNITURE. WAREHOUSE, No. 3, S. Calvert Street, (East side, second door below Balumore St.) FACTORY, No. 6. Low Street.

Copposite Front Street Theatre. NEW AND RICH JEWELRY. SILVER WARE. SILVER PLATED WARE, &c

A. E. WARNER,
GOLD AND SILVER SMITH, No. 10, N. GAY STREET, Is adding daily to his varied assortment of new styles and patterns of RICH JEW ELRY, suitable for presents; Diamond Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Pearl do., Enamelled Jo., Coral do., Garnet and Plain Gold Rings, Jet Cross do., Ladies Gold Chains, Bracelets, Gold Thimbles, Lockets, Cuff Buttons and Studs, Scarf Pins, Signet and Plain Gold and Set Rings &c.

THE MONUMENTAL BOOK STORE. WM. F. RICHSTEIN, No. 178 West Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, Md.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY ARTIcles, Photograph Albums and Cards. Ry-Photographs of all the SOUTHERN OFFI-DERS, wholesale and retail.
... Send for our wholesale price Circular.
January 16, 1866—1y.

GLYCERINE LOTION. hands, chafing of the skin, etc. Prepared and for sale by CAMPBELL & MASON. WANTED.—All kinds of Grain and Produce in exchange for Goods, by H. L. HEISKELL. SAPPINGTON HOTEL

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA. DESTR TAY WEST

MISS SARAH A. BEALL.

CONTINUES open for the reception and ac commodation of visitors. The ROOMS are in complete order, well furnished and comfort ble; the PARLORS large and commodious, and the TABLE at all times supplied with the choicest viands of the Country and City Markets.

The Servants are attentive, and constantly in attendance for the accommodation and convenience of Guests. The Preprietress is determined to sustain the well established reputation of the House.

The public patronage is solicited.

NOVEMBER 7, 1865.

LIAVE YOU TRIED IT YET! THAT SUPERIOR WHISKEY,

AT EASTERDAY & BROTHER'S new Bar-Room, in the Basement of the " Spirit Building."

WHICH is beyond question the most superior that has ever been offered to the palates of the lovers of the ardent in Charlestown and its environs. The conductors of this establishment are determined that nothing \*hall be wanting on their part to make their BAR an acceptable one to those who indulge, and the truth of this statement may be easily established by a call upon them. They are also pre-pared to furnish all kinds of MIXED DRINKS, adapted to the season, in a style not to be excelled here They keep also on hand, at all times, an assortament of SUPERIOR CIGARS, and the CHOICEST

Their OYSTER ROOM is now in the full tide of successful operation, and those who would enjoy a plate of the delicious bivalves have only to drop in Call-ere you go to any other-On J. H. EASTERDAY & BROTHER.

CHEWING TOBACCO.

November 7, 1865. THE OLD SAPPINGTON HOUSE

BAR-ROOM. JOHN R. AVIS informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from the Eastern markets with one of the largest and best

LIQUORS ever brought to this town, which he offers for sale at the upper Bar Room of the Sappington Hotel, and pledges himself to do everything in his power to gratify the palates of his customers He is also prepareed to

TAKE CHARGE OF HORSES for guests at the Sappington Hotel, or others.

The whole business will be under the supervision of his father, Capt. John Avis, which he hopes will be a sufficient guarantee for good order, &c. A Jan. 2. 1866.

To The Public. C. VON BLICHER,

Basement of Sappington Hotel, Charlestown

A NNOUNCES to the public that he has for for sa e by WHOLESALE and RETAIL the purest LIQUORS offered to the people of this Valley. His stock consists of BRANDIES, WHISKEYS,

WINES, ALE, PORTER, &c. At his BAR may be found the most delightful and refreshing summer beverages-MINT JULEPS, COB-LERS, SMASHES, LEMONADE, XX ALE, PORTER, BROWN STOUT, or WHISKEY and BRANDIES plain. Also. prine Cigars and Tobacco always on hand. In addition to the attractions of his Salson, may be found a Reading Room, which will be found cookin

summer, and warm and cheerful in winter.

His object is to keep his house well upplied with
the best the market affords in his line and he hopes, by attention to business, and having everything quiet and in good order, to merit a large share of November 7, 1865.

CADDLE AND HARNESS BUSINESS, IN ALL

ITS DIFFERENT BRANCHES. REZIN SHUGERT avails himse f of this medium of informing the people of Jefferson and Clarke counties, that he still conducts, at his old stand, in Charlestown, opposite the Court House, the

SADDLE AND HARNESS BUSINESS,

in all its various branches, and is prepared to execute all orders in the best style, at short notice, and at reasonable prices. He intends to work none but the best material that can b. procured, and as he personally superintends every piece of work exe-cuted in his Shop, these who favor him with their custom may rely upon having neat, strong and durable work done.

He has now on hand, for sale, a fine lot of SAD-DLES, of excellent material, made by that superior hand at the business, PAT GORMAN. He will repair Wagon, Carriage or Buggy Harness, at short notice.

OF Every description of HIDES, Green or Dry taken in exchange for work, or bought for CASH at the highest market rates.

He solicits a call, assured of his ability to give

entire satisfaction. November 14, 1865—tf. Aisquith & Bro. SOLE AGENTS AT CHARLESTOWN, FOR STONEBRAKER'S PREPARATIONS. TTORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS,

GIVE your Horses, Cattle and Hogs, Stone-braker's Horse and Cattle Powders if you want fine, healthy Horses, &c., and you are sure to have them.

They are a safe and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds Distemper, Heaves, Hide Bound, Worms, &c., in Horses; Loss of Cud, Black Tongue, etc., in Cattle, and a sure preventive of Hog Cholera.

Be sure you buy Stonebraker's Horse and Cattle Powders, as they are superior to all others now in use. They are becoming the most popular Powders now before the public; as they are prepared of such articles as are especially suited to the animal for which they are used. No Powders ever sold have given such universal satisfaction, and acquired so great celebrity in the same time.

As an evidence of their superiority over all others, the Proprietor warrants, them as such, or the money refunded. Only try them and be convinced of their Great Qualities.

Price 25 cents a Package or 5 Papers for \$1. Rats!



RATS COME OUT OF THEIR HOLES TO DIE; Great Destruction of Pats, &c., It is a Paste and used on Bread Every Box warranted a Dead Shot.
No one risks anything in trying it.
As it will destroy all your.
Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, &c.
Or you can have your money refunded.
Try it, and if it don't lay your Rats, &c.
You can get your money back.

STONEBAKER'S NEBVE AND BONE LINIMENT. Garnet and Plain Gold Rings, Jet Cross do., Ladies Gold Chains, Bracelets, Gold Thimbles, Lockets, Cuff Buttons and Studs, Scarf Pins, Signet and Plain Gold and Set Rings, &c.

Also, a variety of SILVER PLATED WARE, Baskets, Castors, Waiters, Butter Stands, Fruit do. Spoons, Forks, Ladles and Table Cuflery, all o which will be sold on the most reasonable ferms.

WARRANTED TO CURE
Rheumatism, Sprains. Swelled Joint, Sore Throat, Frosted Feet, Poison, Old Sores and Bruises, Frush Cuis, Corns, Mumps, Tetter, Pains in the Limbs and Back, Sweeny on Man or Beast, Saddleor Collar Galls, Distemper, Scratches, &c., on Horses and Mules, and all diseases requiring an external remedy.

All who know and All who know and have used STONEBRAKER'S are constantly manufacturing. Goods of superior NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT, will testify that it is the most popular liniment ever sold in any country, and that it has given perfect satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, taking the place of all others.

This is a strong evidence of its great powers in removing Rheumatism, Pains, Swellings, &c both on man and beast. No Liniment has yet been made to equal this. It only needs a trial to prove its great virtue. Every bottle warrented or the money refunded.

> STONEBRAKER'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. STONEBRAKER'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
>
> This brilliant preparation has gained for itself an unbounded reputation, wherever it has been used. For cleansing the head of Dandruff, Scurff, and all Cutaneous Affections—aiways preventing the hair from falling off, and at the same time making the hair soft oily and glassy in appearance, it only needs a trial to prove satisfactory to all who use it.
>
> [Nov. 21, 1865—6m.

JUST RECEIVED.—A large stock of Early Cab-bage and Tomato Seed.

AISQUITH & BRO.

Alsquith & Bro. OLE AGENTS AT CHARLESTOWN, FOR STONEBRAKER'S

GREATREMEDY FOR SORE THROAT OR DIPTHERIA.

THE attention of the public, and especially the sufferers from that dreadful disease. Diptheris or Sore Throat, &c., is called to that great remedy known as

(Stonebraker's Balsam

PAIN KILLER. For the rapid cure of Sore Throat or Diptheria, Croup, Scarlet Fever. &c., and all other diseases of the throat, and also for Diarrhæ. Dysentery, and all Bowell Complaints, it has no equal. This Med-icine has been used in nundreds of cases, and has never failed to cure if used in time, and according to directions. A great amount of suffering might often be saved by having a few bottles of this valuable medicine in the house. Try it and it will speak wonders for itself. Every bottle warranted or the money refunded. Sold by Aisquith & Bro., and country dealers generally.

STONEBRAKER'S DYSPEPSIA BITTERS AND LIVER INVIGORATOR!

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Jaundice, Cholera Morbus, and Female Weakness, Dropsy, Depression of Spirits, Sallow Complexion, and all Derangements of the Digestive Functions

This being an entire Vegetable Compound, is warranted a sufe and effectual remedy, not only for Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, but for all those diseases resulting from a disordered condition of the Stomach and Liver, or derangement of the digestive functions, such as Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Debility or Weakness, Acidities of the Stomach, Headache, Costiveness, Dropsy, &c.

It is particularly recommended to those who are suffering under debility and depression of spirits, southing and renovating powers being particularly adapted to ali such cases

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

Sold by Aisquith & Bro. Druggists, Charlestown, and by Country Dealers generally.

Nov. 28, 1:65-6m.

JOSEPH H. EASTERDAL'S TIN, SHEET-IRON AND STOVE HOUSE,

Main Street, Charlestown, Va., EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE. Also, a full assortment of STOVES, will be kept on hand for the FALL TRADE.

JOB WORK

of every kind pertaining to the business made to order by the best workmen and best

materials, and at the lowest prices. Particular attention paid to

TIN ROOFING, GUTTERING, &c Cotton Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper, Brass, Iron, Pewter and Lead, Sheepskins, Hides, Bacon, Lard, Wool, and

STOVE STORE AND TIN SHOP.

Country Produce in general, taken in

exchange for Tin Ware or Tin Work.

THE undersigned keeps constantly on hand an assortment of the most approved

Stoves, and Tin Ware. at their Shop on Main Street, Charlestown. Every thing usually manufactured and kept in a TIN SHOP can be had by giving us a call, and at the most reasonable prices. House Spouting, Jobbing and Repairing, done on short notice.

ALBERT MILLER & CO. November 7, 1865. COACH MAKING

HAVE repaired my Shops, and resumed the business of COACH MAKING again at my Coach Factory in Charlestown. The business will be carried on as usual. All the different branch is will be attended to, of NEW WORK and REPAIRING. Until I can get seasoned timber to manufacture new work, I intend to keep a supply of

NEW CARRIAGES OF BALTIMORE BUILD, or sale. W-MESSES. HILBERT & DOOLEY, for merly in my employ, have rented the Blacksmith and Wood Shops, and will attend promptly to all vork connected with their branches of the l

November 14, 1865.

**CARRIAGES!** 

CARRIAGES! HAVE just received a supply of one and two horse CARRIAGES; consisting of DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROCKA-WAYS, BUGGIES, MARKET-WAGONS. These Carriages are made of the best material

have all the modern improvements, and were built at the celebrated Carriage Manufactory of McCann Baltimore. One Second-Hand Single Rockaway W. J. HAWKS. Dce. 5, 1865 -tf.

ORISPIN STILL IN THE LAND OF THE LIVING.

JOHN AVIS, respectfully informs the citizens of Charlestown, and surrounding country, that he still continues to manufacture

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and has now open a Shop on Main street, very nearly opposite the old stand of A. W. Cramer.

Keeping always on hand a good stock of materials, his old customers and the public generally may rely upon being satisfactorily accommodated by giving him a call. He promises good work and reasonable charges; and he solicits the patronage of those who may be in want of anything in his

ilne of business.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, he would ask a continuance of the favors of his old friends, and a trial of his work
by the public generally, as no efforts will be spared
upon his part to please and accommodate.

(no Hides bought and taken in exchange for work.
November 7, 1865—tf.

REMOVAL. D. HOWELL, begs leave to inform his custemers, and the public generally, that he has removed to his Store, lately erected on the old stand formerly occupied by Sadler & Howell, where he will be happy to meet his old customers and as many new ones as may see proper to patronize him Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same, pledging hamself that no efforts will be spared to accommodate and please the people. His STOCK having been replenished from time to time, now comprises a very general assortment. All he asks is a trial feeling confident he can sell goods on as reasonable terms as any one else.

[Nov. 21, 1865. HOWELL, begs leave to inform his cus

Shannondale Factory. THE undesigned are conducting this well appointed WOOLEN FACTORY, 6 miles

quality.
We exchange our manufactures according to We exchange our manuaction the following schedule:

64 Brab Linser, I yard for 4 and 4½ lbs. Wool.

64 Grey Linsey, I do. do. 4½ do. 5 do. do.

34 Cassimere, I do. do. 3½ do. 4 do. do.

44 Plaid Linsey, I do: do: 2½ do. 3 do. do.

45 Flannels, I do. do: 2½ do. 3 do. do.

46 Yarns, I lb. do: 2½ do. 4 do. do.

Highest Cash Price paid f r Wool,

JAMES M. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW ARRIVAL.

I have just received a beautiful assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, which will be sold at reduced prices.

CHARLES JOHNSON. reduced prices. November 21, 1865. JUST RECEIVED.

A large lot of GENTLEMEN'S HATS, late styles, and for sale by

D. HOWELL.

CORN WANTED.—Highest Price paid for Corn. in Casu or Goods, by D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

[E.H. CAMPBELL ]

CAMPBELL & MASON. Apothecaries,

SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN. THE undersigned having recently refitted their Store Room, and received a full stock of fresh and reliable

DRUGS, MEDICINES. CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY,

PATENT MEDICINES PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS. WINDOW GLASS, STATIONERY, &c. will supply friends and customers at accommodating prices. We call special attention to the following enumeration of articles—

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
Ayer's Balsam Wild Cherry,
Wistar's Lozenges—Jaynes' Expectorant,
Brown's Bronchial Troches, Shriner's Cough Syru,
Drake's Plantation Bitters—Hostetter's Bitters,
Backsley's Wine Bitters—Cannon's Bitters, Oxygenated Bitters, Hoofland's German Bitters, Hoofland's German Bitters,
Hegeman's Elixer Cali aya Bark,
Bull's Sarsaparilla—McLane's Vermifuge,
Carter's Spanish Mixture,
Holloway's Worm Confection,
Thompson's Eye Water,
McMinn's Elixer Opium,
Smith's Whooping Cough Syrup,
Brown's Essence of Ginger,
Helmbold's Extract Buchu,
British Oil—Oil of Soike. British Oil-Oil of Spike, British Ol—Olf of Spike,
Radway's Ready Relief,
Davis' Pain Killer—Larabee's Pain Killer,
Opodeldoc—Husband's Magnesia,
Mustang Liniment—Hays' Liniment for Piles,

We are prepared to fill physician's orders at the The public can confidently rely on having pre-criptions carefully prepared at all hours of day and ight. NOVEMBE 14. 1865.

D. FUMPHREYS and Co.,

HAR WARE, CUTLERY, TOOLS & FINDINGS. FOR CARPENTERS, SMITHS, SHOE-MAKERS, SADDLERS, MASONS AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, GENERALLY.

ALSO, a carefully selected assortment of Groceries. All of which they are determined to sell at BALTI-MORE RETAIL PRICES. Orders promptly attended to.
Our friends and the public are respectfully invited

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
November 7, 1865.

FOUTZ'S

this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, TER. HEAVES, COUGHS, DIS-TEMPER. FE-VERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPE-TITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its roves the

ses the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has



er entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera. Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for \$1. PREPARED BY S. A. FOUTZ & BRO., WHOLESALE DRIG AND MEDICINE DEPOT.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States. For Sale by Campbell & Mason, Charlestown, Feb. 6, 1866.—19

HARPER'S FERRY,

[G. LEISENBING.] [G. W. LEISENRING.] LEISENRING and SON,

WHERE they keep a large assortment of DRY GOODS, such as Cloths, Cashmeres, Calicoes, Cottons, Ginghams, Lawis, Ready Made Clothing, &c. Also, Ladies' Fancy Goods, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Extracts for flavoring, Boots, Shoes, Ladies' Gailers,

CHARLESTOWN,

Soots, Shoes, Lanes Gatters, Gentlemen's Linen and Paper Collars, Neck Ties and Gloves &c., Flo.r Matting, Gil Cloth, Carpeting, &c, Leather of all kinds, and Shoe Findings, GROCERIES—such as Molasses, Prime Syrup, Sugars, Oils of all kinds, Paints, Fish, &c. Hardware of all kinds,
Drugs and Medicines—Spices, Canned Fruit,
Tin and Wooden Ware—Measures of all kinds.
STATIONERY—School Books, Writing Paper, Ervelopes, Slates, &c., &c.

(G-Goods specially ordered promptly attended to—one of the firm visiting Baltimore every week.

(G-All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in NOVEMBER 7, 1865.

RIPPON! RIPPON!! RIPPON!!! BRILLIANT ARRAY!

UNSURPASSED AND UNSURPASSABLE AT-

TRACTION AT RIPPON.

The People's Cheap Cash Store. COME one and all. and see for yourselves, and be satisfied. Don't tail to come and examine our stock before purchasing els where, as we are determined to sell low for cash. No humbug but a positive fact. In addition to our large and varied assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Woodenware, Stone and Earthenware Notions, Drugs, &c., we are daily receiving every thing useful for family supplies.

G. W. LEISENRING & CO. Rippon, Nov. 23, 1865.

Rippon. Nov. 28, 1865. STONEBRAKER'S MEDICINES, for sale at Rip pon, all of which are warranted to give satis-action, or the money refunded. G. W. LEISENRING & CO.

[G .F. MASON.] | C.W. AISQUITH.] AISQUITH & BROTHER.

Druggists

At the Old Stand of BELLER & BURNETT. in Charlestown, Jefferson County,

Virginia,

OFFER TO THE PEOPLE THEIR LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, VARNISES, OILS, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERIES, AND DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS, AND STATIONERY,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—Ayer's Sarsapa illa,
Ayer's Ague Cure—Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
Carter's Spanish Mixture,
Helmbold's Fluid extract of Buchu,
Wolf's Schnapps—Brown's Jamaica Ginger,
Radway's Ready Relief—Burnett's Cod Liver Oil
Nichols' Elixir Peruvian Bark with Protoxide o
Iron. Iron, Hegeman's Elixir of Calisaya Bark, Regeman's Elixir of Calisaya Bark,
Swaim's Panacea—Holloway's Worm Confections
McLane's Vermifuge—Fahnestock's Vermifuge,
McMunn's Elixir Opium,
Perry Davis' Pain Killer—Larabee's Pain Killer,
Blair's Compound Syrup Phosphates,
Hubbell's Bitter Wine of Iron,
Elizi' Citrata Magnazia Hubbell's Bitter Wine of Iron,
Ellis' Citrate Magnesia,
Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,
Brandreth's Pulls—Spalding's Cephalic Pills,
Dr Shallenberger's Fever and Ague Antidote,
Spalding's Glue—Olive Oil,
McAlister's Ointment—Sing's Itch Ointment,
Brown's Bronchial Trocnes, Thompson's Eye Water—Arrow Root, Barley, Corn Starch, Sago. Gelatine, Tapioca, Extract Vanilla-Extract Lemon, Extract Pine Apple Extract Orange, Hodgson's Diamond Cement, Payson's Indelible Ink, Payson's Indelible Ink, Stonebraker's Nerve Liniment, Stonebraker's Pain Killer, Stonebraker's Rat Exterminator, Stonebraker's Horse and Cattle Powders,

orator.

Perfumery, Soaps, &c—Sozodant for Teeth,
Hawley's and Glenn's Ext's for Handkerchiefs,
Golden Lilly of Japan for the Hair,
Sterling's Ambrosial for the Hair,
Burnett's Cocoaine for the Hair,
Oidham's and Cristadora's Hair Dye,
Ambrosial Nectar Cologne,
Glenn's Rose Hair O'l—Glenn's Honey Soap,
Colgate's Bath Soap, together with Soaps of every
variety and style,
Hair, Tooth and Shaving Brushes—Combs, &c,
Pens, It k Paper and Envelopes. &c.
November 7, 1865.

J. H. HAINES & Bro.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in TOBACCO, SNUFFS AND CIGARS.

advantage to call and examine our stock before pur-chasing elsewhere. G-Wholesale and Retail. G-Next Door to Assouth & Bao. G Charlestown, Va., Nov. 7, 1865.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the Merchanis of the Valley, that they have con-stantly on hand at their store in Winchester, a su-TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS.

JEFFEFSON, LA REAL, CABINET, LA FLOR, FL NACIONAL, LA ESCOSESA, FLOR DE LONDRES, PLANTATION, SUPERIOR HAVANA,

They also keep constantly on hand a large variety of PIPES, and SMOKING TOBACCO, in papers, bales, drums, and in bulk. Bayley's Celebrated Michigan FINE CUT TOBACCO Also, John 1nderson's SOLACE, John Cornish's VIRGINIA LEAF, and other brands of FINE CUT.—CHEWING TOBACCO in foil and in bulk.

HAINES & BELLER

PROPERTY OF TOBACCO TO TOBACCO TOBACCO TOBACCO TO TOBACCO TOBACC nearly opposite the Court House, November 14, 1865. Winchester, Va.

N B. We manufacture our own Cigars, and being Practical Tobacconists, we guarantee all goods as epresented. TOBACCO, SEGARS, &C., &C.

LLOYD LOGAN HAS resumed business in the Store House, third door South of the Taylor Hotel, where he, will be glad to see his old friends and dealers generally.

be glad to see his old friends and dealers generally.

200,000 Imported and Domestic Segars, from
\$15 to \$120 per thousand

200 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco
50 Boxes Scotch Snuff
55 Cases Smoking Tobacco
10 Barrels Smoking Tobacco
200 Reams Wrapping Paper
25,000 Paper Pockets, from half lb to 12 lbs
50 Reams Cap, Letter and Note Paper
20,000 Envelopes, assorted
40 Dozen Maynard & Noyes Ink
25 Gross Pens and Pen-holders
5,000 Blank Cards, assorted
60 Boxes of Pipes

3 Barrels of Pipes
30 Kegs and Boxes of Scotch, Parpee, Congress and Maccabau Snuff
40 Gross Matches; 50 Dozen Blacking 10 Dozen Brushes

Winch ester, Va., Dec. 19, 1865.-tf. FALL AND WINTER

FINE DRESS GOODS:

French and English Merino, all colors—Irish Pop-lins, Scotch Plaids, Mouslin de Laines, Barathea, (ncw article) Black and Colored Alpacas, Mohair Delages, Drab and Gray Lustre for Travelling Dresses, Calicoes and Ginghams. Shaker Flannels, Cotton Flannels, Plaid Linseys, Ticking, Brown and Blenched Cottons.

WHITE GOODS AND NOTIONS. Plain Cambric, Swiss Muslins, Figured and Dotted ditto, Saiss and Cambric Edgings and Insertings.
Magic and Coventry Rufflings. Fleece Lined and
Lambs Wool Hose. Buck Gauntlets and Kid Gloves.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR: Hardware, Wooden Ware, Coal Oil Lamps and Oil. Nov. 7, 1865. H. L. HEISEELL.

TEAS-No. 1 Gunpowder and Imperial Teas.—
Also, good Black Tea, such as will please t
taste of the most fastidious, for sale by
CHARLES JOHNSON.

FAMILY DYE COLORS. FOR Dyeing Silk, Woollen, and Mixed Goods
Cotton and Wool, Shawls, Scarts, Ribbons,
Dresses, Feathers, Bonnets, Hats, and all kinds of
wearing apparel, with perfect fast colors.
For sale by
AlsQuittle, BRO.,
Feb'y 13.
Apothecasies.

At prices to suit the times. Prescriptions and all Compounds will receive special attention at all hours, of day and night, so as to insure certainty and safety We call special attention to the following enumeration of articles— Drake's Plantation Bitters,

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, Hoofland's German Bitters,

Stonebraker's Vegetable Cough Syrup, Stonebraker's Hair Restorative, nebraker's Liver Pills, Stonebraker's Dyspepsia Bitters and Liver Invig-

> [J. H. HAINES.] [C. E. HAINES.]

A LSO, will keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, and Just received and for sale a fine lot of the genuine old Gravely Brand CHEWING TORACCO Also, a lot of the choicest brands of VIRGINIA SMO-KING TOBACCO. Persons dealing in our line will find it to their

[C. E. BELLER.] [N. W. HAINES.] TOBACCO, CIGARS. AND SNUFF ..

which they can sell at less than Baltimore prices.
Their stock of Cigars consists in part of the fol-lowing popular Brands—

BESIDES OTHER FINE BRANDS.

N. B .- Rags bought and received in exchange for

HAVING just returned from the Eastern cities, I am now prepared to offer to the public gen-rally as large and carefully selected a Stock as was ever before brought to this market, including

Nubias and Twilight Boods, Plaid Shawls—long and square. Trimmings of all styles and qualifies. I desire particularly to call attention to my atock of Cloths, Cassimeres. Vestings, Negliges, Merino Shirts, Drawers, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE.

Arctic Liniment- Gurgling Oir for Horses, Stonebraker's Nerve and Bone Liniment,

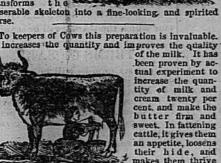
Blair's Compound Syrup Phosphates, Swaim's Panacea - Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient, Hubbell's Bitter Wine of Iron, do. Elixer Valerianate of Ammonia,

(N) Our customers will bear in mind that we sell exclusively for CASH. - (1) DEALERS IN

CABINET-MAKERS. IRON, HORSE and MULE SHOES, LOCKS, Screws, Bolts, Hinges and Nails of every descrip-tion; Hollow Ware, Stone and Queensware, Glass, Wooden Ware, Willow Ware, Lamps, Cordage, Brooms, Brushes, and

the Best and Cheapest Goods are to be had





No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

30 Gross fine cut Chewing Tobacco 10 Half barrels Chewing Tobacco 10 Gross Tobacco and Snuff Boxes 12 Gross assorted Pipe Bowles
5,000 Pipe Stems, assorted,
All of which will be sold on the best terms, by
LLOYD LOGAN.

GOODS.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES-20 per cent cheaper than Foundry prices by W. T. FOREMAN.

TIBERSELL